Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XIII. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 23, 1881. NO. 8.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THERE seems to be no prospect before the politicians for the next few years but to try and look pleasant like other people.

GARFIELD'S Cabinet is all filled up again with a brand new lot of members. These will be tipped out in a day or two, and still another lot put in.

GEN. GARFIELD can congratulate himself that nobody has been able to get the door of his Cabinet open wide enough to get even a nose through.

THESE be the days when the American statesman is airing his eloquence on temperance woman suffrage, compulsory education and church taxation.

OH, yes! One other thing, Messrs. Democrats. Dont' go home without having given the country the result of your investigation of Commissioner Davenport in New York last summer!

IF David Davis and Mahone work together as Independents, some people will be reminded of the couplet: "The animals came two by two, The elephant and the kangaroo."—*Mobile Register.*

THE popular upheaval in Philadelphia had a perceptible effect at Harrisburg. It is a notice from the people that if the politicians make a mess of politics the people will take a hand and straighten them out.

THE Memphis papers are proclaiming with much energy that the Mardi Gras display in that city this year will surpass any previous exhibition of a like character. It strike people with old-fashioned ideas of honesty that a city that is able to spend thousands of dollars on a meaningless mumery is able to pay its honest debts.

THE Williamsport *Banner* says there are surface indications that the good times are coming, sure, and that among those noticeable at present is an unusual activity among railroad companies, many of them are making an enlargement in order to meet the anticipated increased demands upon their resources, that good times make absolutely necessary.

THE advocates and opponents of prohibitory legislation have made some queer comparisons to enforce their particular views on that question. The relative increase in the number of saloons and churches or school houses or criminals are all well-worn comparisons. But now the *Toledo Blade* adds a novel one to the list. It strives to show the worthlessness of prohibitory laws by comparing the number of saloons and blacksmith shops in Ohio. The former it finds to be about ten times as numerous as the latter. This is certainly a novel way of looking at the matter, but the relation between horse-shoeing and dram-drinking is too far-fetched for most people to perceive.

IN placing himself in communication with Blaine and Logan and Sherman and Conkling (with others to follow), General Garfield is imitating the example of the wisest predecessors, under like conditions. Mr. Lincoln's nomination was effected against the wishes of the friends of Governor Seward. The result was as unexpected as it was disappointing. But he was as wise as he was patriotic, and in nothing was his wisdom more conspicuously shown than in the generous way in which he sought the counsel and advice of Mr. Seward's strongest adherents. It took off the rough edge of disappointment and held the party as a unit not simply through the campaign which followed the nomination but through all the years of his public service.—*Albany Journal.*

The Columbian Protocol.

It impossible for the United States Government to take any action, it seems, with respect to the Isthmus Canal that will not be completely satisfactory to the supporters of M. de Lesseps. A good authority on this subject says:

"The news contained in our local columns that a protocol has been agreed upon between the United States and Columbian Governments is received with the utmost satisfaction by M. Bonaparte Wyse, who may be regarded as M. de Lesseps's direct representative in this country. But it must be said that this is not necessarily a simulated content, for the fact is that practically nothing has been done by our Government hitherto which could be distasteful to the promoters of the Panama Canal. They professed themselves entirely satisfied with the report of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs—and not without reason. Commander Wyse is pleased that the two Governments have come to an understanding, and thinks its effect upon the canal scheme will be 'very good.' Whether there is again reason for this gratification on the part of Commander Wyse and those whom he represents can only be known when the text of the protocol is made public.

"It is stated that the protocol is to prescribe methods for the enforcement of the neutralty of the Isthmus under the guarantees exchanged in the treaty of 1846. In that treaty the Columbian Government guaranteed to citizens of the United States that they should enjoy equal rights and privileges with citizens of its own country in transit across the Isthmus, should be subjected to no charges or tolls 'on any road or canal made by the Government of New-Grenada 'or by the authority of the same,' other than those levied upon citizens of New-Grenada. In return the United States, to quote the language of the treaty, 'guarantee positively and efficaciously' the 'perfect neutrality' of the Isthmus, 'with the view 'that the free transit from the one to the 'other sea will not be interrupted or 'embarrassed in any future time while this treaty exists, and, in consequence, the 'United States also guarantee, in the same manner, the rights of sovereignty and 'property which New-Grenada has and possesses 'over the said territory.' The degree of power and responsibility which this treaty gave the United States was so great, in the eyes of Columbia, that the President of that Republic once made a requisition upon out Government to aid him in quelling an insurrection. The request was not granted. But it is easy to conceive a situation, under the present circumstances, where the United States may be ready to interfere, and the requisition may not come. The asking for such help is a preliminary to the giving of it. But the Columbian Government may easily be so dominated by a great French corporation that it will have no actual life of its own, and do nothing which the corporation does not direct."

HATRED of English rule extends smouldering over all India, and only needs an opportunity to burst into flame. Such an outbreak actually occurred recently in the Kingdom of Kolapoor, a tiny Mahratta State containing a population of not more than 700,000. The rebellion was headed by a shrewd native named Rambhat, whose plan was to murder the British loot the town and depose the Rajah, placing on the throne a tool of his own who was to personate a long-dead Rajah who appears to have been as popular among the people as was good King Alfred. and whose return to life has been as anxiously prayed for. The mutiny was discovered when ripe, and the ringleaders, most of whom were Brahmins, were arrested and put on trial for levying war against the Empress. The affair, trivial in itself, was significant, as showing the temper and the power of combination of the Hindoos Three thousand persons knew of the proposed massacre for months, yet no whisper of warning reached the Resident. The terror, too, which this account of the mutiny of a penniless State not as large as the City of New-York caused in a powerful Kingdom like Great Britain shows how frail is her actual hold upon her Colonies.

The Borough Election.

The result of the contest last week cannot but be satisfactory to Republicans, taken all together. For the first time for years the whole government—School, Borough and Poor—are in the hands of Republicans; the only defeat was in Burgess. The election of George G. Skinner (colored) as School Director was a triumph such as has not been won in this borough for years. Such an unparalleled effort to defeat a candidate as was made to defeat the negro candidate of the West ward was never attempted. The Democrats were willing to trade their whole ticket, or any number of votes asked, for one against the colored School Director, yet with all their hard work the negro was elected. Skinner has skinned the "cheap-side statesman" in spite of the almost superhuman efforts of the Democrats to prevent it. And now the Furies rage. Some narrow-minded Bourbons threaten to take their children out of the public schools. It is said that some of the Democratic members of the board will resign and urge upon the court that the men who brought out the "nigger" shall be appointed in their places. We are requested to say by some of the gentlemen who are charged with this scheme that, although they are not seeking office upon such an issue, they will accept; and we will say further that these negro-haters can be spared. The town will not suffer. The schools will not suffer, for men so narrow-minded are not the peer of the colored gentleman for whom they have such antipathy, and ought to have no hand in the education of the rising generation. We have no doubt that the colored School Director will have all he can do to take care of his own school, for a while at least, and that he will perform all his official duties with credit to himself and the friends that elected him.

WHEN the organ of the South Carolina ballot-box stuffers remarked, recently, that the white men of that State meant to keep control of its affairs by fair means if they could, and by foul if they could not, a gifted member of the Deputy Democratic Editorial Association said there was a "blunt frankness about the declaration which disarmed criticism." The subsequent declaration that the State shall pay for protecting the men who use the foul means will probably disarm criticism in the same quarter but it will set a great many less "judicial" men to thinking. Political morality is practically dead in the South. One step in crime aganist the ballot-box has led to another, until it has come to be recognized as lawful to use any means to keep the Democratic party in power. The virtue of honest voting is not even assumed any longer

GENERAL GARFIELD and Senator Conkling have dined together and have conversed secretly for several hours, and yet the enterprising newspaper correspondents who happily reside in the immediate vicinity are unable to say what the subject of conversation was. They confess that they know nothing about it, and display their emotions under these trying circumstances by taking a full half-column to say that they know nothing. They say General Garfield had provided a "generous dinner," and this valuable information should be taken for what it is worth. When the late Artemus Ward visited Queen Victoria, one of the first questions was whether "Albert Edward was a good provider-" The country will rejoice to hear that General Garfield is that kind of a man.

AN Administration that has reduced the public debt $200,000,000 can consider itself a success.

Gen. James A. Beaver.

To the Editor of the Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—Among the regiments of celebrities that came marching in our city during the recent National Convention few attracted more attention and made a better impression than Gen. James A. Beaver, the Chairman of the Pennsylvania delegation, now one of the contestants for Senatorial honors in that State.

His rich, pleasing voice; his simple, sincere, and sensible manner; his scholarly appearance and soldierly bearing made him a synocure from the first, sharing the honor of being the observed among tens of thousands of observers with Conkling, Garfield, Logan, Hale, and a few others. There was that about him that marked a coming man, possessing a strong individuality and suggestive of rare possibilities. One of the few who would always "rather be right than President," whose mind alone is his master, and who would do like Pope's Wife of Bath, "Who did as commonly as is done—take all advice and use his own." Hence my surprise when I saw in the morning's dispatches from Harrisburg that the opposition to him was solely owing to the feeling that if elected he would not be his own master.

Gen. Beaver is a man who possesses all the Jeffersonian qualifications for the position of United States Senator; he is a lawyer of high standing; an orator of acknowledged ability; a citizen of unblemished character, and supplementary to all these he is a distinguished as well as crippled soldier. From the impressions here I am convinced that he like every other good soldier of the late war, would scorn to receive by reason of his military services that to which he was not entitled by reason of his character and qualifications as a citizen, yet it seems to me that the opposition to him of the Republicans of that State, for such a reason, as stated, shows an unwarranted bias and is wholly inexcusable. It is a cruel stab at a peerless leader and patriot for the sole crime of fealty to a friend.

The south is more jealous of its War heroes. When the conditions are equal there they invariably get the preference. Can patriotic Pennsylvania do less? Æschylus was being mobbed for his doctines. A brother held up a shattered hand—shattered at the battle of Salamis—and asked if they would strike such a hero? The sight of that hand silenced all opposition and the populace carried him off in triumph. Gen. Beaver's leg was shot off close to his body. Shame upon the Republicans. Shame upon the patriots of the old Keystone State if they would strike down such a distinguished lawyer, orator, citizen and soldier as he for any cause not in itself a crime. Respectfully,

MARTIN BEEM.

DURING the first year or two the President was frequently influenced by the tone of the press, and would at times yield his own judgment to that of the public at large upon some public matter. This is no longer the case now, and the President acts independently of what the current of opinion as reflected by the daily press may be. In a recent conversation he alluded to the criticism upon his course in modifying the court martial sentences of many officers in the Army convicted of offences injurious to the discipline of the service, committed while under the influence of liquor. The President said the public had only one side of the story, and there were mitigating circumstances connected with every case where he had interposed executive clemency, but he did not consider it necessary to say what they were. It was enough for him to know that he had acted according to his best judgment, and was not at all disturbed because he had been assailed for interfering with the verdicts of the several court martials. The President said he had been attacked so many times unjustly that he had arrived at that condition of mind when he ceased to mourn or to be disturbed at the censure of the newspapers and during the remainder of his term of office he intended to be guided solely by his own judgment, and not be ruled by the press.—*Boston Traveler.*

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 17, '81.

The fact that Senator Conkling was in Mentor yesterday and held a consultation with General Garfield, has knocked the calculation of the Cabinet makers here into a cocked hat, and illustrates vividly how much of speculation and how little of fact has been embraced in the previous declarations of these quid nuncs. There has been a continued effort since the election, among certain classes of politicians to create a misunderstanding between General Garfield and the great New York "stalwart." Some have declared that Senator Conkling would never visit the next President, others that General Garfield intended to ignore Senator Conkling entirely in matters pertaining to the policy and organization of the next administration, others still that the quarrel made with Senator Conkling by President Hayes would be continued, and the Senator thoroughly humbled or driven from the party. It can now be set down as cold fact that Senator Conkling will receive due recognition, that counsels will have proper weight with General Garfield, and that instead of the enemy many would like to see him, he will be one of the strongest friends and most earnest supporters of the next administration. Many people not acquainted with the inside workings of politics in the last four years have conceived a very wrong idea of Senator Conkling. He is essentially a party man, and has always stood ready to sacrifice every ambition of his own to serve the party. He believes that the only way, and the true one, to secure party triumph is to keep harmonious the party organization, and the Senator has not made war, but has been warred upon. He has always been a warm personal friend of General Garfield's, and those who have been lying awake nights to stir up a fuss, hoping to profit by the expected rupture will learn that General Garfield remembers his friends, that he will call to his aid in forming his Cabinet the best advice he can get regardless of the past, and that the State of New York will receive her due reward.

Of the Cabinet itself not much is known. But recent events seem to point that New York will get the Treasury Department, and probably Postmaster James of New York City will be next Postmaster General.

In the discussion upon the River and Harbor bill yesterday, which discussion from present prospects, may run for a week to come, a very wise and necessary amendment to the bill was rejected. Right here let me say that the relationship between the tax payers and their representatives in Congress does not seem to be rightly understood, and in the matter of this bill all consideration of public economy and judicious use of the public money seem lost in a wild scramble between Congressmen to see who shall secure the largest sum for the improvement of the trout streams and such ponds in theis Districts. The amendment spoken of, and which, if adopted, would prove a great saving of useless expenditure, and confine the benefits of the River and Harbor bill, as contemplated under the law, was that no money appropriated by the bill should be expended on any stream that does not come within the definition of navagability as made by the laws of the United States. But the greedy Congressmen knowing such an amendment would give the death blow to hundreds of "jobs" for their districts, quickly voted the amendment down. The House held a night session last night at which the Conference report on the River and Harbor bill was presented, adopted, and passed. The sundry civil bill, appropriating $19,991,000, was reported and ordered to be printed. The River and Harbor bill was again taken up and Mr. Updegraff, of Iowa, who offered the amendment noted above, continued his fight against the small items of the bill, and after remaining in session until 20 minutes after 2 o'clock this morning, the House adjourned.

PHIL.

ONE or two Democratic organs have already hoisted the name of their Presidential candidate for 1884. Defeat doesn't seem to discourage them at all. They are just as brisk in setting up candidates now as they were twenty years ago, though they have gone to the wall in six National contests. There is probably no parallel to their courage, unless it be in the case of the Texas widow. On receiving a mild rebuke from the minister, when she was about to be married to her sixth husband, she replied: "Well, I just want you to understand if the Lord keeps on taking them I shall, too!" The Democracy seems to be actuated by the same independent spirit. It proposes to set up candidates just as long as the people continue to knock them down.

THE Democratic organs are becoming weary of trying to make figures lie and so work out a popular plurality for Hancock, and are conceding Garfield his rightful plurality. This will take away the only consolation the Bourbons had left and will leave them in a pitiful state of collapse.

THERE remains a few more days for the Democratic majority in Congress to back down from some advanced position. It has done enough, however, in that line to entitle this to be known in history as the Back-down Congress.

In and Out of a Fortune.

In the vicinity of Willoughby and Washington avenues, Brooklyn, are a number of fine residences, the title to which is involved in a test suit of Leopold Ballerman, otherwise Dominicus Carl Ballerman and John B. Ballerman, agt. Charles H. Blake. In this suit, the General Term in Brooklyn has rendered a decision. The suit against Mr. Blake is to eject him from some premises in Washington avenue, in the Twentieth Ward, and to recover $5,000 damages for the use of the property since 1872.

The property belonged to Carl Anton Ballerman, who died May 18, 1866, leaving no will, and with no heirs except Joseph, Caspar, and Margaretha, his brothers and sisters, who were subjects of the Grand Duke of Hesse. Being aliens, an act of the Legislature was necessary to enable them to give a title, and under such act, passed in 1568, releasing the title of the State to the relatives of the decendent, they conveyed the property to one Stephen Barnes, from whom the defendant derived his title. The plaintiffs in the present suit claim relationship with Carl Anton Ballerman because they are descended from Joachim Ballerman of Ludinghausen, who lived in the seventeenth century. As they were citizens of the United States at the time Carl Ballerman died intestate, the claim title to his property by inheritance.

All of the musty old records have been searched in behalf of the present holders of the property, and it is claimed that Carl Ballerman was born in wedlock, and therefore was incapable, under our laws, of transmitting an inheritance in his father's line, along which the plaintiffs trace their lineage to a common ancestor with Carl Ballerman. The records show that under the Napoleonic code Carl's father, Johann Joseph Ballerman, being then 76 years old, and so infirm as to be unable to leave his dwelling, and Anna Margaretha Heid, aged 63, the daughter of a beadle of the City Court, were married on February 1, 1843, by the Mayor Mairiz, and that they declared that they had already had seven children born to them, naming Carl among them, and that they acknowledged these children to be legitimate.

Justice Cooke refused upon the trial of the suit at Special Term, to hold that this marriage ceremony, which was the concluding act in the drama of the lives of these aged people, overthrew the presumption in favor innocence, morality and legitimacy. He decided that the couple were originally married, *per verba de presenta*, and he decided that the act of the Legislature had no effect, because there was no escheat; the State having nothing to release, because there were relatives, citizens of the United States, upon whom the descent was cast upon the death of Carl Ballerman. The Justice accordingly rendered judgement in favor of the plaintiffs for the possession of the premises, and from this judgement the defendant appealed. The General Term reversed this judgement and granted a new trial, the costs to abide the event. Justice Gilbert wrote the opinion.

Poetry.

Shadows.

There are moonlight shadows gathering over
all this once bright earth,
And voices sad with weeping, murmur round
our lonely hearth;
A deep, despairing darkness settles o'er us like
a pall,
And the trailing of the serpent is around and
over all.

Oh! the lives that have been blighted, and the
hopes that now are dead,
The clinging, haunting memories, the tears that
we have shed;
The light of hope from out our heart has long
since passed away,
But still we feel the maddening curse surge o'er
us day by day.

The friends that we have trusted have forsaken
and betrayed,
Within the grave of buried hopes their ashes
now are laid.
The joys wherein we might have shared the
love of other years
Have fled and left our souls with gloom, and
dimmed our eyes with tears.

Of little arms that once have twined caressingly around,
We see no trace, save far away in yonder grassy
mound.
They heard, with smiling on their lips, their
summons from on high,
And folded close their little hands, and laid
them down to die.

There are galling chains upon us that are wearing down our life,
And a crushing sense of weariness of all this
toil and strife;
We try in vain to pierce the gloom that shuts
us from the light,
But the "silver lining" of the cloud is lost in
darkest night.

Our Story Teller.

Jeanie's First Sorrow.

Jeanie Moore was the prettiest girl in Groveland. "None knew her but to love her," as the poet says, and old Farmer Moore was prouder of his one daughter than all of his lands, and well he might be.

This summer Jeanie had come home from boarding school for good, and the old farm rang with her clear bird-like tones as she flew from room to room, leaving tokens of her dainty womanly presence everywhere.

Young Dr. Lowell had been a boarder at the farm for three years. When he had first seen Jeanie she had been a little winning girl, quite willing to be taken on the grave young man's knee, and listened thoughtfully as he and her father talked.

But now things were quite different, and as Howard Lowell watched the graceful form crowned by the lovely flower-like face, and each day saw the pure unselfish nature unfold more and more, he grew to look upon her in another light, and to think that it would be very sweet to have that blooming face grow more bright at his approach than at any other.

So the days went by, and although no words had as yet broken the sweet silence, the young hearts were knitting fast together when my story opens. Jeanie had changed from a shy, blushing school girl into a self-possessed maiden, conscious in her utmost heart of being loved, and of returning that love.

One evening, as they all sat around the cozy tea-table, little Fred, Jeanie's brother, bounced into the room, full of news which evidently seemed very important to him.

"Oh, father, the big house has been bought." Now the "big house" as Fred called it, was the house of Groveland. High up on a hill it towered in its gray stone stateliness above all the rest of the village. It had been unoccupied for many years.

"Well, I'm glad of that," heartily exclaimed Farmer Moore. "It's a shame so much fine property should have gone to wreck and ruin so long, when it might be made such an ornament to the village. Do you know who has bought it, Freddy?"

"Yes, sir, it is a widow lady named Almer, and she has two daughters."

Dr. Lowell here gave a sudden start, which caused Jeanie to glance over at him, and to her surprise she saw he was violently agitated. His face was white as death, and with his lips parted he looked fixedly at Freddy, as if waiting to hear more.

Seeing his emotion attracted attention, he hastily arose and without speaking, left the room.

Jeanie's interest in Freddy's news was entirely lost in her wonderment over Dr. Lowell's strange demeanor. It was quite late in the evening before he rejoined them; but when he came back he was as self-possessed and quiet as ever, yet there was something peculiar in his manner, and Jeanie felt the change, although, unlike most women, she refrained from asking any questions.

It was true "Waban Hall" had at last found occupants. Mrs. Almer and her two daughters were pleasant and unaffected and it was not long before the new-comers became well acquainted in the village.

After a time Jeanie called to welcome them and extend the hospitality of the farm, and she returned home delighted with her visit. Mrs. Almer was so kind, and the girls, Ella and Ruth, so charming and friendly. Jeanie talked enthusiastically for some time about her new friends, and Dr. Lowell listened to all she said eagerly.

After a few weeks invitations came to the farm for a party to be held at the "Hall."

"Shall you go, little one?" questioned her father.

Jeanie looked up at Dr. Lowell, and was surprised again at the odd pallor of his face.

It was decided they should go, and the eventful evening arrived. The "Hall" was ablaze with light, and fragrant with the aromatic perfume of flowers, and as Jeanie entered the ball room on the doctor's arm, her girlish heart gave a great bound. She had been to but few parties, and youth loves life and gaiety.

But her pleasure that evening was not what she had expected, and as she lay in her own little bed at home that night and thought over her lover's bewildering conduct, the pretty head buried itself in the pillows, anyone listening might have heard smothered sobs.

Shortly after their arrival her escort had left her, and devoted himself to Ella Almer. Not that Jeanie was neglected—that her beauty and popularity never allowed her to be—but she had watched with a keen pain her lover's manner toward Miss Almer.

From the first meeting the reserve which he generally held toward strangers had been wanting, and he seemed to become more and more engrossed in her society.

The long walk home that evening had been almost in silence, and Jeanie's heart, all unused to trouble, sank very low, as she thought she had been unmaidenly, in giving her love so freely, and now her punishment had come. Yet a heart once out of one's keeping cannot be called back suddenly without pain.

And this was only the commencement of her sorrow. Day after day Dr. Lowell was a guest at "Waban Hall," and Jeanie often saw him and Ella Almer riding or walking together. Farmer Moore never noticed how grave the wearisome face was growing, for with the pride of womanhood Jeanie kept her grief to herself. She had made up her mind bitterly, that while she had been loving with all the fervor of her warm, impulsive heart, he, whom she thought so noble, had only been trifling with her—testing her powers of pleasing.

She avoided meeting him as much as possible, and so the time passed, until one morning as she arose from the breakfast table, Dr. Lowell said:

"Can you speak with me a little while, Jeanie? It is almost impossible for me to see you alone lately."

Never had this voice pronounced her name more tenderly. Was he about to make her a confidence of his new-found love? Jeanie raised her eyes quietly to his face, then answering, "Certainly," led the way to the library.

She seated herself, and he standing before her, after a slight pause, began:

"Jeanie, the time has come for this mystery to be explained, and I can tell you who I am."

The girl's large dark eyes opened widely.

"Who you are?"

"Yes," he said laughingly, "I know! I am Dr. Howard Lowell, practicing physician, of Groveland; but that is not all. Listen, and I will tell you the whole story.

"My father died when I was 10 years old, leaving my mother a widow with three children. Between the eldest of the two girls and myself there was the most passionate attachment—indeed, we were all an unusually united family. But in three years my mother married again. Then my misery commenced. I cannot describe the persecutions my step-father inflicted upon me, whom alone of all the children he seemed to hate. Perhaps it was because of my then headstrong, impulsive nature. I was a passionate boy, and at last, driven desperate, I ran away from home and from my dearly loved mother and sisters.

"Then for years I was driven where fate willed, working here and there at anything, no matter how menial, until at last fortune, in the shape of a kind, old physician, interposed.

"Dr. Lowell saw me and became interested in me, and when he died he left me his adopted son, his wealth, on condition I took his name and never returned to the influence of my step-father. And now, Jeanie, comes the most wonderful part of my story.

"I have found my mother and sisters at last, free from the one who made my boyhood so wretched. Shortly after I left home my step-father had taken his family abroad, and from then until now we have never met.

"How I have longed to speak and declare myself! But, Jeanie, I feared that the prodigal who selfishly left all he held dear could never be forgiven; until last night my sister Ella spoke so tenderly and regretful of the brother she had lost, I could keep silence no longer. I shall keep my dear adopted father's name, but Mrs. Almer, whom you already like so much, is my mother, and Ella and Ruth are my sisters."

Then with an abrubt change in his voice, Dr. Lowell stopped, and raising the soft, little hand which lay listlessly in the girl's lap, clasped it firmly in his own as he said:

"Can my darling wonder that my manner has been strange and unlike myself?"

The expression in his loving eyes made Jeanie flush and tremble, and as she was gathered to his manly heart she knew she had come to the end of her great sorrow.

It was a happy evening that followed, when in the "Hall" parlor, the newly-found brother and son brought the dimpled, blushing girl to his mother and sisters as another claimant for their love. And right cordially they welcomed her.

Old Farmer Moore was satisfied, too, for Jeanie and her husband will live with him, and the old farm will still echo the music of the blithe voices so dear to his heart.

A Fiendish Servant's Plot.

Charles E. Crawford, clerk, lives at 160 First street and Morris avenue. His family consists of wife and daughter of thirteen. On the 1st of September last Mary Dooley, aged twenty, a quiet looking girl, was employed as house servant. She brought good references. A month or so after her arrival various articles began to disappear, and inquiry threw no light on the matter. Jewelry and money next were missing. Search was made and a pocket book containing one dollar and fifty cents, stolen from the desk of Crawford, was found wrapped in some doll clothes of Annie Louisa, the daughter. She was accused but denied the theft. Other stolen articles were discovered in the doll trunk. The child was severely punished by the parents, who thought denial added untruth to the theft. They desired her to confess, and to this end severely chastised her. To avoid further punishment the child acknowledged she had stolen all. The property continued to disappear, and the child was again accused. She denied it, but through fear of punishment again confessed. In reply to the question what she had done with the things she had taken, she said she had destroyed them. Her parents began to think she was of unsound mind. Physicians put the matter down as insanity on the subject of stealing. The child was watched, but the property continued to disappear. Incendiarism was added to the robberies, and the child, to avoid chastisement for telling an untruth, admitted her guilt. The hands of the little girl were now strapped to her side. Still robberies did not cease, and another fire nearly destroyed the house. Crawford, to prevent his daughter injuring herself, had a belt made and procuring a chain, chained the child to the wall of the dining room during the day and and at night to the post of the bed. Mary Dooley, the servant, slept with the child to prevent her doing herself injury. One day in the early part of the present month a lady called to see Mrs. Crawford. She placed aside her wraps, which consisted of a valuable fur-lined mantle and muff and bonnet. When she looked for them again they were gone. A detective found the articles concealed in the garret. That day Annie Louisia was unchained, but went about her house with her arms bound to her sides. Being threatened with punishment she confessed having pieced the property where it was found. The father for some reason now had to suspect his servant, and a neighbor informed Mrs. Crawford that Mary Dooley was dishonest. During her absence one day the place where she kept her clothes was searched, and there carefully put away was much of the missing property. When Mary returned she was met by a detective, accused of the thefts and of having set fire to the house on the two occasions. She confessed and said the greater part of the jewelry and valuables she had stolen were at her home, and there they were found. Mary was arraigned in the police court, where only the charge of incendiarism was preferred against her. She acknowledged the offense and was committed in default of $3,000 bail to await the action of the grand jury. "That woman," said the detective, referring to Dooley, "is the most wicked being I ever saw. It brought tears to my eyes when I saw that child chained to a wall like a dog. I don't see how she could have slept with the child and listened to the clank of her chain, knowing she was the cause of it."

"Yes," remarked a musical critic, recently from Kansas, "the fiddlin' was bully, but I tell you when that fat chap with the big moustache laid hold of that bass fiddle and went for them low notes in the violin-cellar, I just felt as if a buzz saw was a playin' Yankee Doodle on my backbone."—

Four Mountain Lions.

Through the kindness and courtesy of George E. Trowbridge, of Spring Valley, we are enabled to give our readers the particulars of the capture of four mountain lions by two brothers named James and Richard King. The capture was affected on the divide between Spring Valley and Box Elder, in which vicinity the boys had noticed "signs" for some time past, Traps were set in a place frequented by the animals, and the brothers caught two on the first night. The lions made a wicked fight, but were finally captured, tied strongly with ropes, and packed securely on a burro, by which means they were taken alive to King's ranch, in Spring Valley. Confident, from the numerous tracks in the vicinity, that they had not secured the whole family, the brothers again set their traps, and on repairing to the spot alone on the following night, Richard found the old dam securely caught. He had with him a small burro, but no one to assist him in binding the lioness, and a man with less nerve would have undoubtedly killed her in the trap. Our hunter, however, had determined to take her alive, and set to work with a will to accomplish the task.

Having plenty of rope with him, he attempted to tie her in such a manner that she could do him no injury, but the wonderful strength and agility of the creature and the ease with which she cut the rope whenever she could reach it with her teeth for a long time baffled his efforts. A tussle such as few men would voluntarily engage in took place there after night with no other human being within a distance of miles. Perseverance, agility, strength, and, above all, wonderful nerve, won the contest, and King finally had the satisfaction of seeing his feline antagonist lying at his feet securely bound. He then sat down and rested from his exertions, and after a short time loaded his prize upon the burro, and arrived at the ranch none the worse for the battle.

A fourth was taken by the two brothers together, near the same place, on the evening following, and it is believed but one of the family remains at large in the neighborhood. All showed wicked fight, but all were brought in alive. The largest weighs exactly 110 pounds. They are all now confined together, and keep up a continual growling, hissing, and snarling whenever a human being approaches them. They are remarkably strong and active, the muscles standing out on their legs like knotted cords.

Women.

Mrs. Slack Davis, of Pittsburg, has received the pleasant information from England that she is one of the heirs of William Mackenzie, who left an estate valued at more than $20,000,000.

Mrs. Garfield will have to be careful or the temperance people will be after her She sent a dozen barrels of cider to market the other day.

Mary Stover, of Grand Rapids, Mich, took a dose of strychnine. A pet poodle licked her face while she was in her agony, and the poison on her lips killed the dog. The woman will recover.

A good story is told of Colonel Fred Grant's little daughter. Last summer while she was at a summer resort in Colorado, some of the children's French maids were boasting of some of their charges who were born in foreign lands. One said, "My little girl is French; she was born in Paris." Another, "Mine is German; she was born at Berlin." And you?" they inquired of General Grant's granddaughter, who was near, "what are you?" "I'se a Grant," replied the little one with emphatic brevity.

Mrs. Lizzie Patterson, widow of Nicholas Patterson, a well-known merchant of Cincinnati, has given to the Children's Home of Cincinnati thirty acres of land in Hamilton county, worth, with improvements, $40,000. She had drawn a will with the bequest in it, but changed her mind, and has given the property at once.

A marriage is to take place between Lord Wentworth, Byron's grandson, and a daughter of Mr. James Stewart-Wortley. Lord Wentworth is a widower. He was engaged about two years ago to a young American lady, Miss "Dudu" Fletcher' who wrote "Kismet," and was thought to have jilted her.

Miss Lisetta Reist, of London, lately deceased, left funds to be used in perpetually sprinkling with sand, Tower-street Hill in that city in order to keep horses from slipping.

Mrs. General Lander is back again at Washington, after a six months' tour in Europe. She brings one of her sons home with her. The other is pursuing his dramatic and literary education at the Dresden Conservatory, where he will probably remain for a year.

Mrs. E. S. Custer, mother of the late General George A. Custer, is lying at the point of death at her home in Monroe, Mich. She has never recovered from the shock of the death of her son.

The neatest thing in silks—pretty women.

Funny items are made by adroit turns of the humor-wrist.

There was no encore when Samson brought down the house.

Michigan has produced a pig with a trunk. This should be checked.

The three periods of life: Youth, mumps; middle age, bumps; old age, dumps.

Local Small Talk.

—Mr. Quin Daniels has been awarded a contract for doing a job of plastering at the car works.

—The pleasant weather of the past few days is strikingly refreshing after the severe blizzards of January.

—Mayor-elect Powers doesn't seem to be at all bowed down by the honors which have been thrust upon him.

—Bellefonte promises to be well represented at Washington on the occasion of President Garfield's inauguration.

—The flitting season fast approaches. It is said that many of our citizens will change their places of residence in April.

—It is said that oleomargarine is sold in Harrisburg for real butter. Wonder if any of the Bellefonte merchants are playing this dodge?

—George Walker, the newly elected high constable, had but six votes over his competitors. George ought to ferret those six men out and "set 'em up."

—The February moon will not shed its pale light down upon many sleighing parties, unless another instalment of snow is showered down upon us.

—Mr. F. C. Richards, the jeweler, has placed in his store on High street a bran new safe of a ton and a half weight. It is a substantial and handsome piece of "furniture."

—Farmers say they are uncertain, when starting on a tour, whether to go on runners or wheels. We think they will be safe enough to hold to the runners a few days yet.

—We have received a copy of the *Central Herald*, published at Lock Haven. It is the organ of the Central Mutual Aid Association of that city, and presents a neat appearance.

—Mr. W. H. Miller, of Spring Mills, will shortly shake the dust of old Centre from his shoes and take up his residence in Illinois, where he expects to remain for a number of years.

—Mr. Wm. H. Law, for the past five years engineer and superintendent of the Milton Car Works, has resigned his position there to accept that of manager of the Bellefonte Car Works.—[Pittsburgh Commercial.

—Talk about bolters! The Republicans of the North ward, a majority of them at least, can bolt all around the Harrisburg bolt and still call themselves straight-out Republicans. But this is Republicanism we have yet to be convinced of.

—John Sourbeck, whose name occupied the second place on the Republican ticket, received the largest vote of any man on the ticket on Tuesday—338. His majority was 102. Constable lose comes next with a vote of 335, and a majority of 101.

—Mike Cooney was fatally injured by a steamboat explosion the other day. It wasn't Mike Cooney of Bellefonte, though, because we saw him in town on election day, with his pocket full of Republican tickets. The man alluded to lived in New Orleans.

—Mr. William Jones, who has been confined to his house for a long period, from the effects of being run into by a sled, is again able to be about. By the way, perhaps that new arrival at Billy's, a few nights ago, had something to do with his sudden activity.

—The recent municipal election in Lock Haven gives the Republicans the control of the city Council. Clawater, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, was elected by 59 majority. Caldwell's majority for Assembly was 49, a Democratic loss of 85 votes over last year.

—Rev. J. J. Lohr, pastor of the Evangelical church at Milesburg, was the gratified recipient of a substantial donation from the good people of Valentines's iron works a few days since. Mrs. Mary Houp and Mrs. Mary Tate were the prominent movers in the enterprise.

—Scarlet fever is raging in several parts of the county, but we have heard of no recent deaths from it. Out of nine children in the family of Mr. Henry Sampsel, at Dale's Mills, Spring township, five are prostrated by this disease. We did not learn whether any of these cases are serious or not.

—Those intending to take in the excursion from this place to Washington, on March 4th, should not neglect to hand in their names to John D. Sourbeck at an early date. It must be ascertained whether the requisite number can be obtained before the tickets can be ordered, hence the urgent need of sending in your names immediately. Any information in regard to the trip will be furnished by Mr. Sourbeck on application.

—Harry Welch, a 10-year-old son of Mr. Z. S. Welch, of Marsh creek, while traveling over a high eminence of ground called "Buck hill," on his way to school, one day recently, slipped on the icy crust, and being unable to regain his footing, slid down the steep declivity for a distance of a hundred yards or more, lodging against a fence at the foot of the hill. His face was terribly cut up and bruised by coming in contact with the sharp crust, but his injuries will not result seriously.

—A farm house in Patton township, owned by Mr. P. W. Waddle, and occupied by a farmer named D. L. Meek, caught fire on the roof on Wednesday afternoon from a spark from the flue. The building would probably have burned down but for the timely discovery by the hired man, who was at work in the barn and happened to glance towards the house. The fire had not gained much headway, and was easily extinguished with a few buckets of water. This is the seventh time the building has been on fire since it was erected.

—A crowd of boys, for want of something more exciting to do, built a big bonfire on Reservoir hill, on election night. When the fuel began to blaze up some nervous individual, seeing the reflection of the light on the surrounding buildings, imagined the whole town was on fire and immediately proceeded to yell himself hoarse. The alarm was taken up and borne down through the streets, and for a while it seemed as though "Old Nick" had been let loose. The Logan Hose Company started out with their apparatus, and reached Allegheny street before they discovered that the alarm was caused by a bonfire and three or four excited men.

All for a Kiss.

The Tyrone *Herald* gives this account of a strange accident which occurred in that place recently, the result of a young man's struggle for a kiss: "Miss Laura Hower, a young lady formerly of Huntingdon, but now boarding at Mrs. Decker's, in this place, met with an accident, a few days ago, of a serious character and which may result in her death. It was in this wise: Two young men were spending the evening at her boarding house, and on leaving one said to the other, "Kiss her good night." An effort in this direction resulted in a tussle between the young man and the lady, when both fell to the floor, the knee of the young man striking the lady's temple, by which a blood vessel was ruptured in her head. She did not complain of being hurt at the time; but after retiring blood came out of her nose and mouth, revealing the fact that serious injury had been done. A physician was called, who is doing all he can, with little hopes of her recovery at this writing. The parties are highly respectable, and this sad accident is the result of innocent amusement.

Struggling in the Flood.

A colored man named Grimes, at Lemont, while attempting to gather drift wood from the creek which runs through that place, during the late freshet, accidentally turned a flipper into the stream. The torrent was swift, and carried him down the creek some five or six rods when he managed to crawl onto a small island. A number of citizens who witnessed the mishap immediately procured a rope and hastened to his rescue. The rope was thrown across to him, but in attempting to grasp it lost his balance and was again swept down the stream. The creek was very much swollen, the current strong and swift, and his death from drowning seemed certain. Finally he managed to reach a clump of bushes, and again succeeded in climbing upon *terra firma*. He was taken from the island in a very benumbed condition. He says he will turn no more flippers in the water.

A group of colored urchins who saw him capsize turned whistling from the scene, and when asked whether one of their number had not fallen in they replied, "yes, but they guessed he was drowned by this time."

Who are They?

Persons occupying lodging apartments in the Arcade building have been much annoyed of late by parties rambling about in the hallways at a late hour of night, and cutting up various capers very disturbing in their effects. A few nights ago the door of one of the rooms opening into the main hall was tried stealthily by some one from outside, with the evident intention of entering. The occupant of the room arose hastily and rushed out into the hall, but the prowler, whoever he was, made good his escape. We are authorized to state that if these disturbances and midnight visitations do not cease an effort will be made to capture the offenders and compel them to give an account of themselves. Men do not prowl about at 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning with honest motives, as a general rule, and need watching.

It is said that the Edgar Thompson Steel Co., at Braddock, have shut down on their employees drinking liquor while engaged in their employment; that one appearance at the works of an intoxicated employe causes a suspension and a second offense a discharge.

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja47t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law.
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.
Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Shaving Saloons.

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In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere.
He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."
v12n11tf H. C WEAVER.

$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that anyone can engage in. The business is so easy to learn, and our instructions are so simple and plain, that any one can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women are as successful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made at the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in the business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money, should write to us at once. All furnished free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta Maine.
oct6'80d&w6m

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—WILLIAM BROWER, Jr., vs. MARY A. BROWER. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre Co., No. 14, Jan. T., 1881. Al Subpœna in Divorce. A. V. M.
The undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said Court to take testimony in the above cause and make report thereof, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on THURSDAY, the 10th day of MARCH, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M.
WILBUR F. REEDER, Commissioner.
7 3t

Miscellaneous.

New York WEEKLY HERALD
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

The circulation of this popular newspaper is constantly increasing. It contains all the leading news of the Daily Herald, and is arranged in handy departments. The

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of the WEEKLY HERALD gives the latest as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farmer, hints for raising Cattle, Poultry, Grain, Trees, Vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping buildings and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well-edited department, widely copied, under the head of

THE HOME,

giving recipes for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the fashions at the lowest price. Every item of cooking or economy suggested in this department is practically tested by experts before publication. Letters from our London and Paris correspondents on the very latest fashions. The Home Department of the Weekly Herald will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper. The interests of

SKILLED LABOR

are looked after and everything relating to mechanics and labor saving is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to all the latest phases of the business markets, crops, merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of

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Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing.*—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman. F. A. MULLER,
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$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls makes great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland Maine. oct6'80d&w6m

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The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

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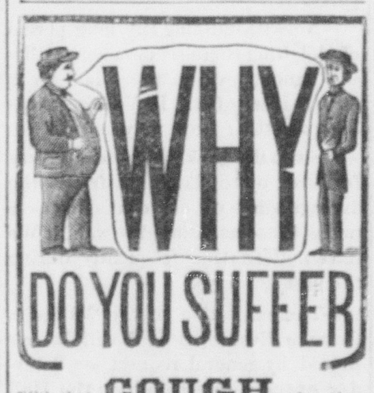

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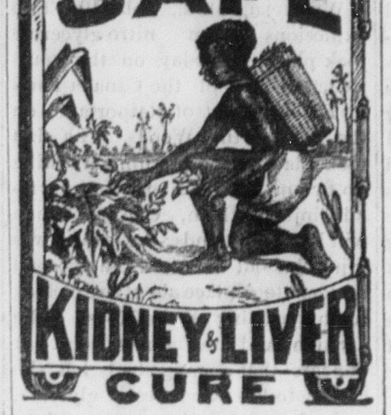
VIA-SANO
THE GREAT LIVER KIDNEY AND BLOOD REMEDY & Anti-Bilious TONIC.
A compound of the active principles of Eucalyptus, Sarsaparilla, Mandrake, Dandelion, Kidney-Wort, Buchu, Hops, &c., which acts promptly on the Liver, Kidneys, Blood, Stomach and Bowels at the same time. These organs are so intimately connected that when one is diseased, or deranged, the others soon become involved. The superiority of this compound, which restores them all to healthy action, and at the same time, builds up the entire system. It is also a most valuable remedy for Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Gravel, Female Weakness, all Skin Diseases, Scrofulous and Syphilitic affections, old sores and ulcers. Peasant to take. Trial bottles 25 cts. Large bottles, $1 each. All druggists and country stores have it, or will get it for you. Also Prepared Vegetable sugar-coated pills, 25 cts. a box. HOME MEDICINE CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
13-5

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft, glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. The popularity of Hall's Hair Renewer has increased with the test of many years, both in this country and in foreign lands, and it is now known and used in all the civilized countries of the world.
For sale by all dealers. 12-44-1y 5

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM.
Messrs. Ely Bros., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.—For the past three winters I have been afflicted with Catarrh and cold in the head. I applied several remedies without good results. Last winter I used your Cream Balm, and found it to accomplish all you represent. T. E. McCORMICK (Judge Common Pleas), Elizabeth, N. J., Aug. 25, 1881. 7-4w

Medical.

WARNER'S
SAFE

KIDNEY & LIVER
CURE

THE Leading Scientists of to-day agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time, and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a *POSITIVE Remedy* for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever—Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that *make* the blood.

READ THE RECORD.

"It saved my life."—E B Lakely, Selma, Ala.

"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—Mothers' Magazine.

"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country."—New York World.

"No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."—Rev C A Harvey, D D, Washington, D C.

This remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the largest sized bottle of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for Warner's Diabetes Cure. It is a *positive* remedy.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
12-35-6m Rochester, N. Y.

USE
TOLU
ROCK AND RYE
TRADE MARK

SURE CURE
FOR
Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption,
And all diseases of THROAT and LUNGS.

Put up in quart-size bottles for family use.

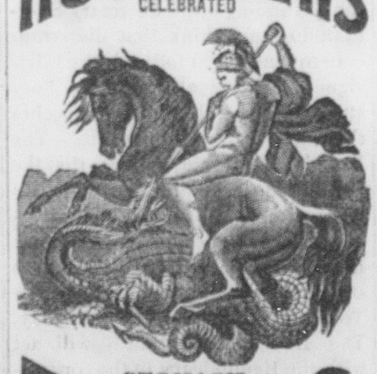
Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystalized Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of our most prominent chemist, Prof. G. A. MARINER, in Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the incipient and advanced stages.

Used as a Beverage and Appetizer, it makes a delightful tonic for family use. Is pleasant to take; if weak or debilitated, it gives tone, activity and strength to the whole human frame.

CAUTION! Don't be deceived by unprincipled dealers who try to palm off on you Rock and Rye in place of TOLU ROCK AND RYE, which is the only medicated article made, the genuine having a Government stamp on each bottle.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors,
111 Madison street, Chicago.

☞ Ask your Druggist for it!
☞ Ask your Grocer for it!
☞ Ask your Wine Merchant for it!
☞ Children, ask your Mamma for it!
☞ Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Wine Merchants everywhere, and by
LAWRENCE & MARTIN,
12-44-1yeow No. 6 Barclay st, New York.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS
No Time should be Lost

If the stomach, liver and bowels are affected, to adopt the sure remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of the organs named beget others far more serious, and a delay is therefore hazardous. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills and fever, early rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness, bring serious bodily trouble if trifled with. Lose no time in using this effective, safe and long known medicine.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. 5-4t

Dr. JONES' CREAM CAMPHOR
Is the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, Pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cents.

N. B.—This Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1879. 12-29-1y

Risleys Witch Hazel.
Cures Headache, Burns, Sprains, Cuts, Wounds, Rheumatism, Toothache, Earache, etc., etc. Warranted equal to any made at half the price. 6 oz. Bottles 25c. Pint Bottles 50c. Qts. $1.
Have your druggist order, if he has none in stock, of
CHARLES F. RISLEY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, 64 Cortlandt St., New York City. 3 3m

Miscellaneous.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.

For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is the only positive cure known, and to show what this remedy will do, we give here as a sample of cases cured by it a statement which was

GIVEN UNDER OATH!

To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. GAINES.
Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.
JOHN G. JENNE,
Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE!

Read below of its wonderful effects as a liniment for the human family:

HEMATITE, Mo., Aug. 28, 1880.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: I am so overjoyed in view of the result of an application of your Kendall's Spavin Cure that I feel that I ought for humanity's sake publish it to the world. About thirty-five years ago, while riding a young ugly horse, I was injured in one of my testicles, and from that time to three weeks ago a slow but constant enlargement has been the result, giving me a great amount of trouble, almost entirely preventing me from horseback riding, which was my usual way of traveling. I saw a notice of your Kendall's Spavin Cure; never once thought of it for anything except for horses, but after receiving the medicine and reading over what it was good for, feeling terribly exercised about my difficulty, for I had consulted many physicians and none gave me any specific but when it could be endured no longer to remove it with the knife. I applied your Kendall's Spavin Cure as an experiment, and it was so painful in its application that I concluded not to repeat it, and thought no more about it until near a week, and lo and behold one-half of the size was gone. With joy I could hardly believe it. I immediately applied it again, and have made in all about one-half dozen applications, running over a space of two weeks, and the terrible enlargement is almost entirely gone, in view of which I cannot express my feelings of delight. It has been a Godsend to me; may He send to others with like troubles.
JOHN RICE,
Pastor of Hematite Congregational Church.
P. S.—You are at liberty to put this in any shape you may please. I am not ashamed to have my name under, over or by the side of it.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE!

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
12-31 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Job Printing.

ALL KINDS OF
JOB PRINTING
EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER AT THE
Bellefonte Republican Office.
An Assortment of Beautiful New Type Just Received.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO
PURE

AND
SILVER GLOSS
STARCH

For the Laundry, is the best and most economical in the world. Is perfectly pure, free from Acids and other foreign substances that injure Linen. Is stronger than any other, requiring much less quantity in using. Is uniform, stiffens and finishes work always the same. Kingsford's Pulverized Corn Starch for Puddings, Blanc-Mange, Cake, &c., is pure and delicate. Preferable to Bermuda Arrowroot. When you ask for Kingsford's Oswego Starch, see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted.

Sold by all first-class Grocers everywhere.
T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, New York

HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink,)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION.
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no Other.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkeness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.
12-43

MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored.
Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
☞ The Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.
Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.
Address the Publishers,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York; P. O. Box, 4586.
12-13-1y

JOB PRINTING
Done in the best manner at lowest rates at
Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Office.

$2 Watches. Stem Winders $4.50. White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $12. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 132 Nassau St. N.Y.

ORGANS $50 to $1,000; 2 to 32 Stops. Pianos $125 up. Paper free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2.00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year.... 3.00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

THE LATEST NEWS.

The Committee's Meeting.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Nineteen ballots were taken by the joint committee last night, and it was long after midnight before they adjourned. The first four gave Bayne and Beaver twelve each. Most of the ballots were secret, but on the fifteenth, which was open, Senator Stewart received 9 votes, the largest number cast for any outside of the regular candidates. The highest vote cast for Shiras was 5, for Lear 4, for White 5, and for Senator Davies 5. The nineteenth and last ballot was secret, and resulted: Bayne, 3; Beaver, 11; Shiras, 4; Scofield, 1; Stewart, 2, and Reed, 1. On the thirteenth ballot Beaver's vote fell to 6, which was the lowest he received.

There has been nothing unusual in to-day's proceedings. Considerable speculation is indulged in as to the result. General Beaver is a decided favorite, and his friends express confidence in his ultimate success. They think it is only a question of time until he will receive sufficient strength from the Bayne ranks to elect him. Whether or not this will prove the case, it is very hard to tell, but there is a perceptible lukewarmness in the enthusiasm of his opponents. To-day's ballot resulted: Beaver, 79; Bayne, 58; Wallace, 80.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.—All is excitement here over the great struggle which has now waxed its warmest. The long protracted struggle between factions now gives evidence of being amicably settled. The joint committee, after fruitless efforts to fix upon a candidate acceptable to both sides, will, in all probability, adopt the resolution offered by Senator Mapes withdrawing all present candidates. The committee will meet to-morrow night, and that event is looked upon as being virtually the omega of the contest. Just whom the lightning will strike is at present one of the profoundest of profound mysteries. If the resolution prevails, General Beaver will be withdrawn with the greatest reluctance by his friends. Gen. Scofield, to a casual observer, would make an acceptable compromise candidate, but whether or not he will be the fortunate man time will only tell.

Shiras Looming Up.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 21.—The impression generally prevails to-day that both Beaver and Bayne will have to be withdrawn from the fight in order to insure harmony. The near approach of the 4th of March and the uncertainty attending the organization of the United States Senate, will hasten a settlement of the difficulty and compel a compromise. General Beaver said he would not return to the scene unless sent for. The name of George Shiras is prominently mentioned on each side as an available compromise candidate who, if elected by the Conference Committee, would receive the endorsement of both wings of the party and bring the contest to a harmonious termination.

Cabinet Tinkering.

WASHINGTON, February 18.—A prominent New York politician, who is not very long from Mentor, intimates that it is not improbable that John T. Crowley, of New York, will be named for Attorney General. Mr. Crowley was District Attorney of the Western District of New York, and and is a gentleman of culture and high social standing. In the Senatorial contest he was apparently opposed to Conkling, but it appears that this opposition was merely simulated, so as to prevent discord and dissension in the party. Should Mr. Crowley not be selected, it is claimed that Mr. Morton can have the Navy Department. Mr. Conkling it appears, can select from these, but at present there is apparently no intention to give New York the Treasury, unless Mr. Conkling's visit to Mentor will make a change in the programme. The friends of Senator Allison, of Iowa, show more confidence than ever, and as he is a prominent member of the Senate Committee on Finance they are encouraged to look for the Treasury for him. A private letter from Mentor says that General Garfield is now simply gathering the veiws and wishes of the leaders of the party, and after that will make his selection. Senator Blaine is still, according to the latest advices, the only person whose selection and place is a finality. The Senator was again unable to receive any one to-day.

Women Moving against Polygamy.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The Anti-Polygamy Society of Brooklyn had a meeting yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Imogene Fales presided. Many prominent ladies of Brooklyn were present. A message from the Governor of Idaho on the subject of polygamy was read by the Secretary, Mrs. Bradshaw, and favorably commented upon. The society will place itself in communication with all the principal cities, with a view of forming auxiliary societies. A committee was appointed to confer with Congressmen-elect Bliss and Smith and interest them in the work which the society proposes to do. Printed petitions against polygamy will be sent to temperance and women's prayer meetings. The clergymen of Brooklyn will be requested to read notices relative to the next meeting of the society from their pulpits. A letter from Rev. Dr. Ingersoll, of Brooklyn, was read, in which he states he will give the movement his hearty co-operation, and profoundly sympathizes with it. Letters were also read from New York ladies expressing sympathy with the work.

A Bellaire Mystery.

BELLAIRE, O., February 18.—Yesterday morning about seven o'clock the body of a young woman was found on the river bank just north of the Bellaire nail works. Coroner Garrett held an inquest which developed nothing of importance. Dr. C. Kurz examined the body and found the skull badly crushed, but the body was so badly decayed that no opinion could be given as to the cause of it, yet he thought that crushing of the skull was likely done before the body was in the water. She was dressed in a dark calico dress with white spots in it. Her underwear and shoes were very good, and it was found that she had an upper set of false teeth. It is supposed she had been in the water for several weeks. Nothing was found on the body giving any clue as to who she was. She was buried in Rose Hill Cemetery to-day.

Wired Together.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—A curious wedding took place at the cantonment in Bad Lands, Dakota, yesterday, between Frank M. Shoppie and Henrietta Louisa James, Rev. Stevens, of Bismarck, officiating from that place by telegraph. Francis Moodie and Engineer Deutsch were witnesses that the parties responded to the electric marriage ceremony at one end of the wire, while a press correspondent and several others saw the clergyman perform his duty at the other. The questions and answers were written, telegraphed and responded to, and a blessing was pronounced in the usual form.

A Terrible Death.

CARBONDALE, Pa., Feb. 19.—Thomas Kelsey took a contract six months ago to deliver 1,000 hemlock logs cut in the West Woods to a steam mill in the Glenwood district, Susquehanna county. While engaged with his helper in rolling logs down the log slide from the mountain top yesterday he caught his cant-hook under a heavy hemlock, and it threw him down 227 feet into the abyss, the log following after and striking Kelsey with a sudden crash. It burried his lifeless body deep into the mud and mire. His helper made haste to the scene and worked faithfully for two hours to extricate the remains from a grave in the swampy ravine, with none to assist him. Kelsey leaves a wife and five children in a pitiable condition of destitution.

Nitro-Glycerine Explosions.

WINNIPEG, MAN., Feb. 19.—Two explosions from nitro-glycerine took place yesterday on the construction work of the Canada Pacific Railway, east of Ratportage, on the lake of the Woods. The first took place in the morning, blowing up two men and seriously but not fatally injuring them. One of the men will lose both hands; the other was injured about the face. The second accident took place about five o'clock in the evening on the Moose Lake division, and was more serious. It appears that a gang had left the cutting to fire two holes of glyerine, and after firing them returned to the cut, but had no sooner got into the works when one of the holes which had not exploded went off, throwing the men in all directions.

Probably Fatal Shooting.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 19.—Despatches from Muncie, Ind., report that Belle Nicholas while defending her door, night before last, against Bill Wirt and Lon. Sutton, both of whom were drunk, discharged seven chambers of a 32-calibre pistol at her assailants. Six balls took effect on Sutton, some of them in his face. He is probably mortally wounded. Wirt received one ball in the cheek. The shooting was at close range, and most of the balls that lodged in Sutton's head and face were shot through his hands, which he held up to shield his head.

Hayden to be Hanged.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Feb. 19.—Judges Pierpoint and Mazey, on the question of allowing C. E. Hayden, the murderer, to file a petition for a new trial, on the ground of newly discovered evidence of insanity, delivered a decision this morning stating that they are of opinion that the petition ought not to be filed and the same is refused. Hayden is to be executed a week from to-day.

Abducted by a Mob.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 21.—While walking in a procession of Sunday-school scholars at Hull, yesterday afternoon, a girl named Garrett was forcibly carried away by her brother-in-law, named Senche, aided by over a hundred French Canadians, who attacked the procession. Her whereabouts thus far has been a mystery.

The girl's conversion to Protestantism is the only reason for the outrage, which has caused a great deal of ill feeling, and it is likely to lead to serious trouble.

Wrecked by a Land Slide.

HARRISONBURG, Va., Feb. 21.—A freight train on the Valley Railroad was wrecked about 12 o'clock yesterday a short distance south of this place. The accident was caused by a slide in the deep cut near the station. John W. Aler, the depot master, was seriously injured. The train was completely wrecked, and although there were a number of passengers on board, no one else was seriously injured.

The Funding Bills.

WASHINGTON Feb 21.—It is thought that President Hayes will not veto the Refunding bill. Secretary Sherman does not think that disastrous consequences will follow if the bill is signed. President Hayes is busy studying the bill and the speeches that have been made upon it. The President, it is said, believes that the nomination of Stanley Matthews will be confirmed. The representatives of the sugar importers of New-York Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore stated their grievance, against the Treasury Department Saturday. The Rev. J. Hyatt Smith will act with the Republicans in the organization of the House. Mr. Hiscock is a prominent candidate for the Speakership.

A Furious Mob.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 21.—Telegrams from Winchester, Tenn., state that troops were present for the protection of the alleged Laprade murderers, on trial there, and that they gave a parade in the Court House yard before dark last night. After dark a furious thunder-storm set in, and all fears that the prisoners would be lynched vanished. A night session of the court was held to finish the trial, and Judge Stark gave his charge to the jury, after which the Sheriff went with the prisoners, James Higgins, "Lock" Mallory, "Lon" Thweat, Robert Thweat and James Elder, to the jail. A mob of about two hundred pressed upon the Sheriff, took the prisoners, cleared the Court House and grounds, stationed a strong picket-guard around them and hanged the men from the second-story windows of the Court House. The onset of the mob was from without, and was so sudden and boisterous, accompanied by firing of pistols and guns into the air, as to terrify the spectators in the court room, who jumped from the windows and hastened from the scene.

Killed by Falling Walls.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 21.—The south wall of the five story warehouse connected with the distillery of M. Crichton & Co., on Holliday street, fell Saturday afternoon. The house next adjoining, a small two-story structure, was crushed, and a boy five years of age, Edward Stack, was caught in the debris. One of his thighs was broken, and he received other injuries. The house next adjoining was occupied by a man named Reilly, and though only the gable was knocked out, Mrs. Reilly was so severely injured that she died soon after being removed to the hospital. The boy will probably recover. The warehouse was completed only last December. The damage is estimated at about $2,500.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Graham & Son sell the best sole leather in Bellefonte at 27 cts. 8-2

—Have you a lame horse? Call for Kendall's Spavin Cure. Read the advertisement.

—Don't hunt all over town for a good cigar. Go right straight to Harry Green's—there's where you find them.

—There isn't a neater-kept store in the county than Sechler's, and that's one reason why the people flock there for their goods.

—Never put off till to-morrow what can be done to-day, therefore go to Harry Green's to-day and replenish your pockets with his choice cigars.

—Any article, no matter what, usually found in a complete grocery, will be found at Sechler's establishment. It is a first class store in every respect.

—Go to J. D. Sourbeck's and leave your name for a ticket for the Washington inaugural excursion. A few names wanted yet to complete the party.

—Notwithstanding the long period of sleighing there seems a general desire among our young folks for a month more of it. If Vennor keeps his word their hope may be realized.

—Since the backbone of winter was fractured by the late hard freeze, the average smile of our coal dealers is not as broad as "it used to was." We have noticed this frequently during the past few days.

—The exhibition of the Millheim German Evening School will be repeated, by general request, on Saturday evening, March 5th, in the Hall in that place. The programme will be enlarged and greatly improved. The exhibition held on the 12th inst. was a splendid success.

—Our talented young friend, Mr. George P. Bible, since his entertainment in Humes' Hall last week, has received several pressing invitations from parties in Snow Shoe to visit that place. We believe it is his intention to accept, and if he does we guarantee the Snow Shoe people a highly enjoyable entertainment.

—Centre county is to have another contest case. J. H. Reifsnyder, who has held the office of Justice of the Peace at Millheim for nine or ten years, was defeated at the late election, his opponent, Pierce Musser, being elected by one of a majority. Reifsnyder is not satisfied to abide by the decision of the ballot box, and proposes to contest the matter.

Will Keep in the Lead, Just the Same.

It has a very bad effect on some men to honor them with office; especially is this the case with fickle-minded men. They attach too much importance to the event, and by degrees, learn to neglect their business by paying little or no attention to details. It gives us pleasure to say, however, that this will not be the case with Chief Burgess-elect Powers, who has controlled for many years the shoe trade of Bellefonte, and will continue to maintain his position in the future, notwithstanding the honor which the people have conferred upon him. Mr. Powers is a man of sound sense and sturdy habits, and, although he will attend faithfully to the duties of his new position, will not allow them to interfere in any way with his legitimate business. No, sir! Powers & Son will still continue to turn out the neatest shoe or boot in seven counties, and attend to all orders, from far and near, with their usual promptitude. Call in and congratulate the Mayor-elect, and at the same time leave your measurment for a pair of shoes that will last you until Mr. Powers' term expires.

—Spring woolens now ready. Early orders solicited. Money saved.

12-50tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

Items from Unionville.

Cold weather has greeted us again, but the thaw made the cellars in town quite convenient for little paddle-boats.

Our schools are progressing finely this winter. Whooping cough has made them a little noisy, sometimes.

The extremely cold weather put a stop to outside work on Leather & Co.'s new store room, but they anticipate having it completed in time for their spring goods.

The temperance organization is still flourishing, and next Saturday night the attendance is expected to be unusually large, as the Friends from other counties will be here to attend their quarterly meeting.

Death has reaped a rich harvest among us lately. Two venerable forms, we have been accustomed to greet on our streets for years, will traverse them no more. Mr. Catlow's death you have noticed before. Mr. Dale, an earnest and consistent member of the Methodist church, was buried last Saturday at 10 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock little Harry Comly, only child of Henry and Mary Comly. In one day the ripened sheaf and the bud of promise were laid away.

There was a very enjoyable entertainment at the hospitable home of Mr. Samuel Brugger on the 14th, the occasion being the celebration of their silver wedding. The dinner was a most elegant one, and the guests had a very pleasant time, socially. Mr. Brugger has a fine library, and quite a large collection of minerals and other curiosities in cabinets. The "bride and groom" occupied the same place at the table they did twenty-five years ago, Mrs. B.'s father, Jacob Peters, then owning the property.

Our town will soon become famous for escapades, we fear. A short time ago two young men took the early train here, but the train had first been boarded by one of our townsmen to assure them that the sheriff was not on it. Last week a mysterious looking couple promenaded in the vicinity of the depot till the evening train arrived, when the gentleman hastily deposited the lady on the rear platform and fled. It was afterwards discovered they hailed from Julian.

W. L. A.

Pine Grove Items.

The concert by Prof. Weaver's singing class was a success. It afforded a variety of selections, and was marked with the novelty of performing.

The Jubilee Singers of Bellefonte, who visited our village, drew a good house and gave general satisfaction, with the exception that much of their music was rather old and rendered here once before by the same party. It was the darkest night we have had in Pine Grove for some time—so many clouds.

In consequence of the Sabbath desecration, which has been indulged in to such an alarming extent by the employees of the J. Edgar Thompson Steel Company, at Pennsylvania Furnace, a mass meeting of all Christians and friends of the Sabbath was called at the Presbyterian church, at that place, which was well attended and awakened some interest. A number of resolutions were adopted with reference to the sanctity of the Lord's day, and the importance of its strict observance. The discussions which were called forth were participated in by the pastor, Rev. J. C. Kelley, Dr. Vantrece, and the Revs. Kuhn, Heck, Grimmell and Koser. It is hoped that such an impression has been made by this meeting as to awaken a better sentiment throughout the community.

A temperance meeting was held at the same place on Tuesday evening, the 8th inst., in behalf of the proposed temperance law.

A protracted meeting has been in progress in the Presbyterian church at Pine Grove for some time. The pastor, Rev. Kuhn, has been assisted by the Rev. Grimmell. KENO.

Two Things in One.

The practice (of buying goods at Sechler's is a good one) of the healing art certainly comes within the category of matters which the law ought to regulate in the interest (Sechler & Co.'s grocery) of morality as well as health. In Maine, however, any person who can show a certificate of good character from the authorities of his place of residence (not an impure article at Sechler's) can recover compensation for "medical services" rendered, no matter how worthless those services may have been or what (prime tea and coffee at Sechler's) the degree of imposture practiced. Under the statute a clairvoyant, who disclaimed any knowledge of medicine or surgery, (Sechler's clerks are jolly chaps) has been held entitled to fees because she had visited, examined and prescribed for a certain sick person. (Sechler's groceries heal the sick.) The law evidently intended that the certificate of good character should be the safeguard against fraud (no fraudulent goods at Sechler's—theirs are fresh and genuine), but everyone knows that almost any scoundrel can obtain such a certificate.

A Fraud Abroad.

Another fraud, representing himself as a much-traveled lecturer, has started in business, and is now making a tour of the State. A Dauphin county exchange says: "On Saturday evening an aged man about six feet in height, wearing a long gray beard and long black wig, arrived here and registered at the Freeland House. On Sunday he attended the regular services in the Methodist church, evidently to curry favor among the trustees to secure the use of the church to deliver a lecture on the following evening. He represents himself as Capt. A. B. Tuttle, an old 'salt,' who has traveled all over the world, and as having lately made some important discoveries in the polar regions. The object of his lecturing throughout the country on this subject, he stated, was to raise funds to make further explorations and then procure an appropriation from Congress to equip an expedition to his new country. The suspicious appearance of the stranger and his contradicting statements induced the officers of the church to refuse his request, when on Monday, after proving himself an imposter by trying to raise funds on various schemes, he suddenly 'bounced' his board bill and disappeared, the last being seen of him was between this and Georgetown on a pedestrian expedition towards the north pole."

Sportsmen's Club Meeting.

At the meeting of the Bellefonte Sportsmen's Club Monday night the following officers of the association were re-elected:

President—H. C. Valentine.
Vice-President—S. F. Foster.
Treasurer—Theodore Deschner.
Secretary—J. D. Geissinger.

A motion was offered urging parties residing in the country to inform the club of any violation of the game and fish laws coming to their knowledge, in order that such persons may be prosecuted. It is the desire of the club that Centre county be stocked with quail, and to bring about that result a committee was appointed with instructions to purchase a number of live birds the coming season.

The Age of Cheap Books.

A Dictionary of 30,000 words and 250 illustrations, 15 cents. Shakespear's works complete, 75 cents. Cruden's Concordance, 75 cents. Milton, Byron, Burns, Moore, 75 cents each. Scottish Chiefs, 75 cents. All well bound. We pay postage. Agents wanted for our Subscription Books. Address Levi's Book Store, 249½ Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh. 13-3-1t

—Republican City, Neb., March 31st, 1880.—I tried your Kendall's Spavin Cure and it had the desired effect. It cured the spavin which other treatments failed to do. I did not use quite one bottle of your liniment. After the spavin was removed I drove the horse and his mate over 500 miles from Linn county, Iowa, to Harlan county, Nebraska, with a load of 2,000 pounds, and made the trip in four weeks. Please send me your treatise on the horse. Price 25 cents. Yours truly, James Yellenic.

Charles Lamb remarked of one of his critics: "The more I think of him, the less I think of him."

Port Grape Wine.

This Wine is made in New Jersey, and is said to surpass anything in the way of wine ever made. It is called Speer's Wine, produced by Mr. Speer. Since the true analysis of its properties was published by James R. Chilton & Co., those who could afford it adopted its use in preference to foreign wines. Prof. Chilton used it in his own family, and has written to the public the following card.

Laboratory of J. R. Chilton & Co.,
New York, March 11.

We made a careful analysis of the Port Grape Wine produced by Mr. Alfred Speer, and do not hesitate in pronouncing it pure; it contains all the Oporto grape, and therefore, for medical uses, it is superior to other wines. Its principle effects upon the system are mildly stimulating, diuretic, sudorific and tonic. It will prove beneficial in affections of the kidneys and chronic diseases, with general debility of the constitution. Physicians may safely recommend it to their patients, in place of the many doubtful mixtures too often sold as pure wine.

JAMES R. CHILTON & Co.
Analytical Chemists.

This wine can be had of J. Zeller & Son, and is a most excellent article for weakly persons, especially females. It is a very superior table wine, and the most healthy drink now in use. It is not a spirited or manufactured article, like most native wines. 7-2t

A Cross Baby.

Nothing is so conducive to a man's remaining a bachelor as stopping for one night at the house of a friend and being kept awake for five or six hours by the crying of a cross baby. All cross and crying babies need only Hop Bitters to make them well and smiling. Young man, remember this.—*Traveller.* 7-2t

—"Dr. Seller's Cough Syrup" will ensure you a good night's rest. It is the best cough medicine in the market. Price, 25 cents. 7-4w

—Are you troubled with rheumatism? Use Kendall's Spavin Cure. Read their advertisement.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms of moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "Dr Swayne's All-Healing Ointment" is a pleasant sure cure. Also the Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all Scaly, Crusty, Cutaneous Eruptions. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamps. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth S reet, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom letters should be addressed. Sold by all prominent druggists. 12-7-1y

George Eliot says, "No one can be wise on an empty stomach." We were not aware that there was so much hunger in the world.

A young lady recently married read Mother Shipto i's prophecy for the first time the other day. "Just my luck!" she exclaimed, throwing down the paper. "Here I am newly married, and now the world's coming to end."

Fees of Doctors.

The fee of doctors is an item that many persons are interested in just at present. We believe the schedule for visits is $3.00, which would tax a man confined to his bed for a year, and in need of a daily visit, over $1,000 a year for medical attendance alone. And one single bottle of Hop Bitters taken in time would save the $1,000 and all the year's sickness.—*Post.* 7-2t

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of DAVID HARSHBERGER, deceased, late of Walker township, Centre county, all persons indebted to sa d estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

8 3t* H. HARSHBERGER,
Zion, Feb. 10, 1881. Administrator.

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE ORPHANS' COURT of Centre county, Pennsylvania, will be so d at public sale on

Thursday, the 17th day of March, 1881,

at the COURT HOUSE in Bellefonte, the following described real estate, late of JAMES HEVERLY, dec'd, to wit:

All that messuage, tenement, or piece of land situate in Marion township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the North by lands of Montgomery heirs, Jacob Baker, H. A Joslin, on the South and East by land of James D. Harris, on he West by lands of Roland Curtin and James Green, containing **134 acres** and 7 perches and allowance.

ALSO, all that certain lot or piece of ground in Howard Borough, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, thence by a twenty-foot street or alley S. 59° W. 60 feet to a post, thence along a forty-foot street N. 30° W. 160 feet to a post, at the Great Road, thence N. 59° E. 60 feet to a post, thence S. 31° E. 160 feet to the place of beginning, being known as lot No. 3 in the Town Plot of A. S. Tipton. Thereon erected a story and half frame house and other outbuildings. This lot is centrally located and has planted on apple and cherry trees and grape vines.

Terms of sale: One-third cash on confirmation of sale, and residue in two equal annual payments, to be secured, with interest, by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M.

JOHN M. HEVERLY,
8-3t Executor.

MEN WANTED TO SELL Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grapes, Shrubs, Roses, etc. No. experience required. Salary and expenses paid. 8-4t J. F. LeCLARE, Rochester, N. Y.

TEACHERS WANTED! $65 to $150 per month. Steady work all spring and summer. For particulars address J. C McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 8-4t

THE RELISH OF THE WORLD!

HALFORD SAUCE!

8-1w SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Hop Bitters

(A Medicine, not a Drink),

Contains **Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion,** and the purest and best medical qualities of all other Bitters.

THEY CURE

All diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood Liver, Kidney and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, and especially Female Complaints. Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other. Send for circular. HOP BITTERS M'F'G CO., Rochester, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont. 8-4t

Farmers' Supply Store.

ALEXANDER & CO.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

SELL

Corn Shellers with Cleaners,
Telegraph Hay & Straw Cutters
Farmers' Chop Mills,
Fodder Cutters and Crushers,

CONKLIN WAGONS,

One, two and four-horse Wagons,
Broad wheel Farm Wagons,
Broad wheel Lumber Wagons,
Wide and narrow track Wagons.

The Conklin Wagons are made of the best material, are highly finished, run lighter and last longer than any other wagon ever sold in Centre county.

Courtland Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies.

OLIVER CHILLED PLOW

Complete in all its parts. Every farmer should have one. Steel Plows, common iron beam Plows. Shares and repairs.

Garden Seeds. Farm Seeds.

Cultivators, Reapers and Mowers, Horse Hay Rakes, Grain Drills, Threshing Machines and Grain Separators. Low prices. Store opposite Bush House.

13-3-3m ALEXANDER & CO.

County Auditors' Report.

AUDITORS REPORT OF THE RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 1, 1881.

ADAM YEARICK, Treasurer.

DR.

To bal'ce from settlement Jan. 1, 1880,		$3,727 17
To taxes received during year		42,334 96
To fines, &c., received of com'ners		2,338 30
To county tax on unseated lands		5,735 81
		$53,776 24
To balance due county Jan. 1, 1881		$5,757 50
CR.		
By county orders paid	$44,307 89	
By amount paid State assessment	1,700 85	
By salary	2,000 00	
By stationery	10 00	
By balance	5,757 50	
	$53,776 24	

Whe, the undersigned, Aaditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that we have examined the above account of Adam Yearick, Treasurer of Centre county, and find it correct.

Witness our hands and seals this 17th day of January, A. D. 1881.

JAMES T. STUART, [L.S.]
T. B JAMISON, [L.S.] } Auditors.
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [L.S.]

EXPENDITURES.

Commissioners' Pay.

Andrew Gregg	$607 44	
Jacob Dunkle	150 00	
George Swab	350 00	
Henry Beck, clerk	700 00	
		$1,807 44

Jury Commissioners' Pay.

D. W. Kline	24 48	
John Shannon	20 06	
Henry Beck, clerk	30 00	
		74 54

Auditors' Pay.

James T. Stewart	30 00	
T. B. Jamison	30 00	
Geo. R. Williams	30 00	
C. L. Buffington, clerk	30 00	
		120 00

Improvement and Repairs.

H. Walkey, repairs at office and jail	108 84	
J. C. Harper, repairs at prothonotary's office	35 54	
R. J. Doak, painting at jail	12 40	
H. D. Yerger, building oven at jail	23 80	
D. K. Geiss, repairing rods at jail	6 50	
E. Black, painting gutters at jail	11 42	
Williams & Bro. paluting, &c., jail and court house	75 65	
Jno. Weizel, repairs at court house	11 81	
W. P. Duncan & Co., iron clad cells at jail	545 84	
Phoenix Planing Mill Co., lumber at treasurer's office	9 49	
Sam'l Pletcher, work at court house	39 58	
H. W. Houtz, work for jail	23 00	
S. D. Wetzel, work at treasurer's office	5 69	
M. W. Cowdrick, work at jail	11 00	
Daniel Derr, gas fixtures at jail	22 25	
John Harrison, work on cells at jail	35 00	
		977 90

Court Expenses.

Jurors' pay	3,552 23	
Commonwealth costs	1,225 25	
W. F. Reeder, reporter	307 50	
J. H. Vosburg	30 00	
J. I. Hagerman	10 00	
B. Galbraith, court crier	98 00	
B. Galbraith, janitor	240 00	
Tipstaves' pay	208 00	
M. J. Dolan, special detective	200 00	
Court proclamation to sheriff	42 00	
Summoning jurors	113 00	
		6,195 96

County Prison Expenses.

Mrs. Haller, for washing	21 35	
Mrs. Shaffer, for washing	17 00	
Mrs. Ungar, for washing	17 37	
S. A. Brew & Son, wood for jail	4 50	
N. A. Lucas, wood for jail	2 50	
B. F. Leitzel, wood for jail	7 50	
Robert McKnight, gas bills	243 60	
Lawrance L. Brown, coal	223 00	
Alexander & Co. coal	94 45	
W. T. Twitmire furnace, &c	244 57	
Theo. Beshner repairs at jail	23 75	
I. Guggenheimer & Co., clothing for prisoners	1 65	
Lyon & Co., clothing or pris'ners	2 25	
Harper Bros., " "	45 76	
S. & A. Loeb, " "	47 18	
S. & A. Loeb, carpet and clothing for prisoners	85 02	
John Hoffer, clothing for prisoners	33 54	
J. C. Derr, gas burner, &c	1 75	
J. A. S. Mallory, blacksmithing	3 25	
H. K. Hicks, hardware, &c	28 85	
Daniel Derr, gas fittings	10 60	
J. Reynolds & Co., grate and brick for range	5 60	
Penn'a RR Co., freight, &c	81	
C. Schrock, repairs at gate	1 50	
W. W. Wolf, repairs at hester	2 00	
D. Eberhart, repairs at stable	1 00	
W. S. Galbraith, repairs at jail	16 20	
H. Spangler, removing ashes	6 00	
		1,203 45

County Printing.

P. Gray Meek	153 30	
F. L. Hutter	80 55	
E. F. Tuten	173 00	
Fred Kurtz	70 00	
E. C. Bender	27 75	
Shugert & Porter	160 30	
Deininger & Bumiller	6 00	
Walters & Deininger	70 00	
		785 10

Bridges.

Bridge views		31 30
P. M. B. Murray, Dougal & Co	888 00	
Sam'l Brugger, engineer	12 88	
J. E. Speering contractor	60 00	
		960 88
Marsh Creek bridge—		
Townsend Brown & Co	796 60	
Wm. Lyons	774 75	
W. F. Reynolds & Co	15 25	
Samuel Brugger	98 47	
		1,681 47
Repairs at Karthaus bridge	68 00	
J. E. Speering, Pt. Matilda bridge	162 50	
J. G. Jones, foot bridge	3 48	
Chaney & Thompson	4 52	
J. G. Jones	22 50	
J. G. L. Myers	8 00	
Samuel Brugger repairs Unionville bridge	4 75	
Jno. I Thompson, repairs at Martha bridge	122 63	
J. D. Hall, repairs Howard bridge	1 50	
Sam'l Brugger, rebuilding Unionville bridge	672 00	
James Bradley, railing Milesburg	3 50	—1073 38

Ordinary Expenses.

Commissioners' expenses to Marsh Creek	4 50	
Commissioners' expenses to Lock Haven	10 00	
Commissioners' expenses to Port Matilda	13 00	
Commissioners' expenses for holding appeals	203 25	
R. M. McKnight, gas bills	135 70	
Counting congressional and county returns	25 50	
A. Hoy, attorney, County vs. First National Bank	4 75	
Water tax, 1879-80	250 00	
H. Beck, entering cash on docket	10 34	
L. L. Beck, copying registration	42 00	
L. L. Beck, for removing ashes	1 50	
Alexander & Co., coal, court house	65 74	
L. L. Brown, coal, court house	100 67	
H. Y. Stitzer, stationery, &c	16 18	
Express and freight	21 60	
Ellis Orvis, auditing prothonotary and sheriff's account	45 00	
John T. Johnson, postage	30 56	
Housea l & Teller, meals for jurors	5 20	
Daniel Garman, meals for jurors	16 55	
W. A. Tobias, deed book	14 00	
J. C. Harper, books &c, office	138 58	
W. E. Burchfield, books, &c, office	33 71	
C. W. Lambert, pruning trees	21 00	
Geo. F. Bisel, pens, &c, commissions' office	2 75	
D. W. Eberhart, repairs at offices	2 25	
H. Hoffman mending chairs	5 85	
W. F. Murphy & Sons, stationery, &c	3 50	
Wm. Mann, books, &c., offices	38 00	
J. A. S. Mallory, repairing court house gates	1 50	
F. L. Hutter, registration blanks	21 55	
R. W. Dingler, ink	75	
Lane S. Hart, Digests of Election Laws	15 00	
James Murray, cleaning of cess pool	50	
Cha's McConnell, mortgage book	14 15	
Wilson, McFarlane & Co., hardware, court house	5 20	
H. K. Hicks, hardware, court house	54 09	
Sechler & Co., spittoons, court house	50	
James Harris & Co., hardware, court house	29 97	
B. F. Leitzel, wood, court house	2 50	
Jacob Garbrick, wood, court house	2 50	
Lieb & Garbrick, ice, court house	1 25	
W. A. Schroyer, repairing hat rack, court house	2 75	
Wilson, McFarlane & Co., rope, &c	9 52	
Quinter & Brumbaugh, binding dockets, &c	96 81	
D. F. Fortney, rebinding Digests	2 80	
Mary Hartman, scrubbing offices	1 50	
Jacob Schrom, binding matting, court house	3 37	
W. T. Twitmire, repairing at commissioners' office	1 72	
E. W. Woodruff, file holders, prothonotary's office	57 25	
H. G. Cronister, witness fees	2 58	
M. Morrison, repairing hydrant	1 00	
Logan Hose Company, subscription	15 00	
E W. Woodruff, file holders	57 25	
B. Galbraith, wheelbarrow	6 00	
Sam'l Bruggar, engineering	11 18	
N. A. Lucas, delivering registrations	1 00	
Teachers' institute	184 96	
Western penitentiary	282 04	
Agricultural society	100 00	
Hospital for insane	2,589 77	
John Spangler, sheriff, on account	1,447 74	
Bills and notes paid	11,592 25	
Road views	783 16	
Interest paid	3,901 52	
Repairs on real estate	15 50	
Premiums to collectors	52 00	
Redemption U. S. land tax	426 68	
Commissions on collections	53 01	
Election expences	1,378 16	
Insurance on county buildings	615 65	
Inquests on dead bodies	35 21	
Scalp premiums	910 45	
Assessors' pay	2,039 11	
Refunding taxes	70 69	
State tax assessments	1,700 85	
Constable pay	405 00	
Commissioners on lunacy	47 00	
C. M. Bower, commissioners' attorney	75 00	
J. C. Harper, on account	247 60	
Refunding U. S. land taxes	284 11	
J. H Dobbins, M. D., physician, jail	190 00	
		31,023 49
Total amount paid		$46,008 74

J. SPANGLER, *Sheriff, in Acc't with Centre Co.*

DR.

To orders received on account		$1,602 76
To costs and fines received		173 00
Balance		475 85
		$2,251 61

CR.

By balance at settlement, Jan. 1, 1880		$ 702 76
By boarding prisoners 1848 days at 40c		739 20
By summoning jurors, April term		49 00
By summoning jurors, August term		31 00
By summoning jurors, November term		31 00
By summoning jurors, January term, and filling jury wheel		51 00
By filling and mending 33 tick at 50		16 40
By notifying jurors not to attend Apr. term		12 00
By conveying three to insane asylum,		120 00
By conveying one to penitentiary		40 00
By publishing proclamation, 3 courts,		36 00
By window glass at jail		50
By fines		13 50
By election proclamations		6 00
By fish-basket notice published		14 25
By 72 turnkey fees		56 60
By removing fish baskets		315 30
By costs in commonwealth cases		26 00
		$2,251 61
January 1, 1881. By balance due at settlement		$475 85

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre County, hereby certify that in pursuance of an act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships, and county and township officers," we met at the Commissioners' office, in Bellefonte, on the 1st Monday of January, 1881, and did audit and settle and adjust the foregoing accounts of John Spangler, Sheriff of Centre county, and find them correct and the balances as stated.

Witness our hands and seals this 17th day of January, A. D. 1881.

JAMES T. STUART, [L.S.]
T. B. JAMISON, [L.S.]
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [L.S.]
Auditors.

Taxes Outstanding and Due by Collectors

1872.			
*John Ward, Half Moon	$256 97		
*D. Robb, Liberty	14 52	271 49	
1873.			
*Daniel Malone, Boggs	7 61		
*L. C. Rearick, Marion	15 80	23 41	
1874.			
*†Joseph Fox, Bellefonte	454 15		
*Wm. Riddles, Phillipsburg	848 93		
*Fred. Kercher, Curtin	123 28		
*Wm. Cross, Half Moon	8 72		
*H. B. Wilcox, Rush	261 30		
*D. H Yeager, Snow Shoe	75 75	1,762 13	
1875.			
*Charles Brown, Bellefonte	758 83		
*J. P. Shope, Milesburg	223 99		
*Jno. T. Lucas, Curtin	7 26		
*H. B. Wilcox, Rush	76 74	1,066 82	
1876.			
*†J. H. Morrison, Bellefonte,	426 94		
*T. M. Hall, Milesburg	96 12		
*David Harter, Marion	185 09		
*William Weiser, Penn	324 37		
*G. W. Koch, Potter	753 06		
*John Noll, Spring	213 87	1,999 45	
1877.			
*†Jackson Gorten, Phillipsbg	46 50		
*†H. C. Holter, Howard	95 46		
*†Uriah Stover, Benner	266 48		
*†W. H. Fry, Ferguson	1,336 31		
*Geo. Gensamer, Half Moon	295 87		
*David Robb, Liberty	294 03		
*†D. W. Orr, Marion	145 27		
*Joel Morris, Miles	83 87		
*G. W. F. Gray, Patton	82 35		
*†Henry Swab, Potter	272 71		
*F. H. Dale, Rush	29 06		
*†H. J. Tibbins, Spring	472 55	3,420 26	
1878.			
E. H. Carr, Milesburg	148 00		
F. O. Mattern, Philipsburg	375 97		
Sam'l Brickley, Howard bor.	117 12		
Thomas Perdue, Benner	961 67		
J. C. Walker, Boggs	535 88		
†John A. Rupp, College	40 63		
Henry Thiel, Curtin	21 86		
C. P. Leitzel, Gregg	428 28		
D H. Rote, Haines	43 06		
†John Carper, Jr., Harris	119 70		
John Craig, Huston	115 41		
William Tressler, Patton	140 36		
†John D. Foote, Penn	1,038 47		
F. H. Dale, Rush	658 26		
A. J. Swartz, Spring	1,469 59		
Jos. Thompson, Snow Shoe	68 87		
Samuel Hoover, Taylor	193 09		
Sam'l Stephens, Worth	190 71		
J. M. Kline, Howard	46 01	6,792 94	
1879.			
William Miles, Milesburg	180 70		
Robert Cook, Jr	123 37		
A. C. Musser, Millheim	96 06		
A. N. Russell, Unionville	29 16		
†W. A. Taylor, Benner	1,003 71		
J. C. Walker, Boggs	621 50		
Henry Thiel, Curtin	124 94		
†G. W. Keichline, Ferguson,	513 81		
†Cyrus Lose, Gregg	193 22		
†J. H. Griffin, Half Moon	300 07		
J. M. Kline, Howard	372 68		
C. A. Courter, Liberty	111 57		
†J. J. Hoy, Marion	859 52		
George B. Haines, Miles	569 55		
†Daniel Heckman, Patton	473 18		
†J. W. Messinger, Potter	692 66		
John Garbrick, Spring	874 35		
†Samuel Boyer, Snow Shoe,	62 24		
John T. Fowler, Taylor	392 86		
†David Yocum, Walker	939 59		
†Benjamin Stam, Harris	94 07	8,848 99	
1880.			
John Potter, Bellefonte	3,779 65		
†Conrad Diehl, Howard boro	349 99		
O. P. Kreamer, Milesburg	890 01		
†Wm. Keratetter, Millheim	554 46		
Daniel Ayres, Philipsburg	1,168 81		
Edward Lucas, Unionville	163 07		
†Hezekiah Hoy, Benner	1,895 84		
J. A. Mulholland, Burnside,	96 55		
†Emanuel Noll, Boggs	1,072 32		
†John W. Stewart, College	2,382 68		
†Henry Thiel, Curtin	239 79		
†C. B. Hess, Ferguson	3,056 97		
†M. L. Rishel, Gregg	2,656 96		
†W. L. Bright, Haines	1,348 09		
†Alex. Everhart, Harris	1,516 88		
P. W. Burket, Half Moon	940 30		
†D. W. Kline, Huston	404 11		
John M. Kline, Howard	635 37		
Daniel Herring, Liberty	909 69		
†John Spayde, Marion	1,348 63		
†John C Smull, Miles	1,426 03		
†H. D. Lee, Patton	1,092 28		
†Samuel Ard, Penn	947 33		
†Ellis Hosterman, Potter	3,522 32		
Robert Laws, Rush	178 67		
†Joseph Tressler, Spring	2,590 11		
Samuel Boyer, Snow Shoe	403 82		
William Miller, Taylor	348 94		
William Spotts, Union	280 36		
†William B. Shaffer, Walker	2,109 27		
†J. M. Denning, Worth	323 36	39,983 87	
Total taxes outstanding			$53,847 30

*In hands of attorney for collection.
†Paid in part since settlement.
‡Paid in full since settlement.

Financial Exhibit of Centre County Jan. 1, 1881.

ASSETS.

Real estate	$434 54	
Milesburg borough	294 57	
Spring township overseers	2,583 00	
Benner township overseers	607 46	
Harris township overseers	20 00	
Philipsburg	3,504 83	
Andrew Gregg	306 18	
Potter township	126 47	
Worth township	23 58	
Liberty township	50 11	
College township	392 48	
Ferguson township	128 37	
Bellefonte	2,572 54	
Huston township	1 260 22	
L. W. Munson	293 24	
Notes in A. Hoy's hands for collection	2,241 94	
Notes in C. M. Boyer's hands for collection	1,598 87	
Notes in Commissioners' hands	2,871 26	
Taxes outstanding	53,847 30	
Adam Yearick	5,757 59	
	$88,314 35	

LIABILITIES.

John Spangler	$482 65	
J. C. Harper	1 55	
George Swab	42 50	
Jacob Dunkle	476 50	
Notes outstanding, bills payable	82,581 34	
Amt in C. M. Bower's hands considered not good	1,150 00	
Amount in Commissioners' hands considered not good	2,500 00	
	$87,225 54	
Balance due county	$1,088 81	
Commissions to collectors during year	3,152 95	
Exonerations during year	1,490 63	
Tax assessed in 1880	42,751 34	

CENTRE COUNTY, ss:

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Centre county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county from January 1, 1880, to January 1, 1881. Witness our hands.

ANDREW GREGG,
GEORGE SWAB,
Attest: JACOB DUNKLE,
HENRY BECK, Clerk. Commissioners.

FARM FOR SALE.

HAVING determined to "Farm less land, and farm it better," the subscriber offers for sale one of the two farms he now occupies

IN HOWARD TOWNSHIP.

This farm is located on the north side of the Bald Eagle Creek, nearly opposite the borough of Howard. It has a frontage of 90 rods on the Creek, with a high bank which never overflows.

It contains 200 acres of land, more or less, about 140 of which is cleared. The remainder is woodland.

It is well watered, having besides the creek frontage, a well at the house, a spring run traversing the whole length of the place, and several springs in the fields, at least two of which are very fine ones, and so situated as to be easily piped to the buildings.

The buildings are beautifully located upon a roll of land, a few rods from the creek, upon the public road leading up and down the creek, and within ten minutes' walk of the post office, depot, stores and churches of Howard borough.

The house is frame, and nearly new. It is 32x36 feet in size, two full stories high, containing eight large rooms, with hall both up stairs and down, beside a first class cellar and attic, both of which are the full size of the house.

Conveniently near this is a good bank barn, also nearly new. It is 45 by 80 feet, containing two excellently finished threshing floors, a good granary, first rate stabling, and has attached to it a large corn crib, and wagon shed, 16x45 feet, with a mow overhead.

A portion of the land is well adapted to timothy, and has yielded, for its present owner, as high as three tons first-class hay per acre. A good P. K. Dederick hay baling machine, and Fairbank's scales for weighing the bales are now in the barn, and will be sold with the farm, if desired.

Other parts of the land are well suited to tobacco culture, and yielded a number one crop last season.

Farms with so many advantages as this are rarely offered for sale. It will be sold at a fair price, and on reasonable terms.

If not sold soon it will be

For Rent to a Good Tenant,

for the coming year.

J. A. WOODWARD,
8-6t Howard, Pa.

New Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED for the National Hand Book of **AMERICAN PROGRESS:** Historical Documentary, Biographical, Statistical, Financia and Political. Six Books in One. Edited by Rev. E. O. Haven, LL. D. Including the **CENSUS of 1880** In great demand for the counting house and home library. Over **500** pages, **60** illustrations, $2. Terms to agents unequaled. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 757 Broadway, N. Y. 8-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of Mrs. Sarah S. Williams, deceased, late of Huston township, Centre county, all persons indebted to said estaste are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

J. F. WILLIAMS,
13 4 6t Administrator.
Martha, Centre Co., Pa., Jan. 25, 1881.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF MICHAEL RIDER, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Michael Rider, deceased, late of Ferguson township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

JACOB K. RIDER,
MATHIAS RIDER,
Gatesburg, Feb. 4, 1881.—6 6t Executors.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER on farm ready stocked, either on shares or as best suits the owners. Good reference given if required. Apply by letter to

F. P. COONFER.
5-4t Fleming, Centre Co., Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF RICHARD CATLOW, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Richard Catlow, deceased, late of Unionville borough, having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

HARVEY HOOVER,
Fleming, Feb. 7, 1881—6-6t* Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF MATILDA BODLE, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Matilda Bodle, late of Union township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Owen Underwood, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay, to

3-6t OWEN UNDERWOOD,
January 14, 1881. Administrator.

If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening at a distance of 10 inches, your eyes are failing, no matter what your age, and your eyes need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size but plain.

It is known to all who have been compelled to resort to the use of Spectacles (notwithstanding they may be perfectly fitted to correct the optical defects), that for some cause, not until recently well defined, their use was attended with fatiguing, smarting, and otherwise disagreeable sensations. This is a universal fact of experience, and has been supposed to be entirely beyond remedy. This disagreeable sensation and disturbance of the eye is produced chiefly, perhaps we ought to say entirely, from the fact that ordinary lenses increase the sensation of heat (to which the eye, more than any other organ or part of the body, is sensitive), as also the actinic or chemical properties of the rays of light.

It is well known that these peculiarities of light are identified with certain colors of each ray; and the point of importance, or without using technicalities, is to construct lenses so that these properties of light shall be neutralized; this can be done by introducing a neutralizing tint into their manufacture, the difficulty of which, however, consists in the selection of a color which shall have this effect, and, at the same time, shall not otherwise impair the lenses for purposes of vision. The

Arundel Tinted Lens

Is designed to effect this purpose. The peculiarity of its manufacture consists in the introduction into the glass of a slight Violet Color, *in such manner that the* high *and* low *numbers of the lens prepared from this glass, although* varying in thickness, *are of the same delicate tint and of sufficient power to neutralize the heating and actinic power of the rays of light. Read the following:*

[From R. S. Mershon, Esq., Zanesville, Ohio.]

"I have put the Arundels through the following tests:—I placed an eight inch Arundel, and an eight-inch white lens side by side, sharply focused in the strong sunlight, with their foci directed on the bulbs of two thermometers, and the difference was four (4°) degrees in temperture in favor of the ARUNDEL. Again, I placed the same lenses side by side on a piece of sensitized photographic paper, and the white glass discolored the surface quicker than the ARUNDEL. These two tests prove these two points, viz: that the ARUNDEL intercepts the solar heat-rays and the chemical rays also."

And the following from a Centre county man whose letter can be seen at my store:

* * * *"I am very much pleased with the glasses. They have been more beneficial to my eyes than all the medicine I ever put in them."*

If you experience any unpleasantness in reading or can't see distinctly, come in and have your eyes tested. I think I have something good for you.

FRANK P. BLAIR,
Brockerhoff House Block.

S. & A. LOEB,

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DEALERS IN THE CELEBRATED

ROCHESTER CLOTHING.

Better Fits, better Workmanship, better Styles, better Linings, superior in every respect to any other ready-made Clothing in the United States, and equal in every respect to the work of any merchant tailor in any of our large cities.

Prices fully as low as ordinary slop-shop work—generally sold in Bellefonte.

Mothers, bring in your Children, from 4 years up, and examine our assortment of CHILDREN'S WEAR.

S. & A. LOEB,

Fine Clothiers, and dealers in General Merchandise

34

Bellefonte Republican.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

At Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 16.—There is little to report in relation to the Senatorial contest with which everybody is not already acquainted. But there is a strong under current at work, and all particulars seem to be wisely kept secret. There is a strong feeling growing in favor of General Beaver all over the State, and appeals are being made to his opponents to desist in their antagonism. They plainly see that it is creating a breach in the party that may never heal, and which will work irreparable injury in the future. Those who are acquainted with the inside workings of the machine express great confidence in Beaver's early election, and they say it is not improbable that that event will take place at to-morrow's session.

Senator Cameron had a somewhat lengthy private conference with Wolfe and Mades, and there is no telling what will come of it. Cameron plead faithfully for Beaver, and gave them to understand that if they would accede the election of Beaver the Independent element should be liberally dealt with. A delegation from Union county, Wolfe's home, will arrive some time to-night to plead with ther representative to support Beaver and harmony. If Wolfe should take such a step the bolters would be left without a pilot, and the result would be the bone of contention would break and Beaver elected overwhelmingly. The Grand Army of the Republic is doing effective work in his behalf, and if he is elected to them he may contribute no little credit.

The attendance at to-day's session was not as large as expected, but it shows a small increase in the vote of Beaver, and a corresponding falling off in the Bayne ranks. Only one ballot was taken for Senator, when Legislature adjoured. Following is the vote: Beaver, 78, Bayne, 51; Wallace, 74.

Looking to a Compromise.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 17.—The Republican anti-caucus men met last evening and decided to appoint a committee of twelve, providing a like committee be appointed by the regulars, for the purpose of consultation in reference to the selection of a suitable candidate, the result of said meeting to be referred back to the respective caucuses for approval. A meeting of the regular caucus followers has been called.

THE DARK HORSES.

Shiras stock advanced rapidly last night. He may yet win the prize, or Glenni W. Schofield, or Judge Williams of Tioga, or Congressman John I. Mitchell. Nobody doubts it is likely to be a western man.

The Snyder Lynching.

ALLENTOWN, Feb. 17.—At the opening of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Northampton county at Easton yesterday the case of the lynching of Joseph Snyder was officially brought to the view of the grand jury. Judge Meyers in his charge spoke at considerable length regarding the lynching of Snyder for the murder of Geogles in Bethlehem township on December 26th last, recounting the horrible crime and the lynching which startled this community, the State and the whole country. It was the first instance, the Judge said, where the citizens of this State took it into their own hands to punish murder. The people engaged in the lynching of Joseph Snyder committed a clear, direct and palpable violation of the laws of the State. There is no law of this State, no word in the constitution of this State, no word in any decree emanating from any court of justice, that makes those people the avengers of the blood of the butchered Geogles. If any members of the Grand Jury know from their own knowledge any person connected with the lynching of Snyder, or if they have learned it from any person taking part in the lynching, they have a right to impart such information and knowledge to the other members of the Grand Jury and have the matter brought to the attention of the Court. The judge said the lynchers had robbed the State of its power, and their act should not be allowed to pass unchallenged, thus giving a license to every one, every where under like cases, to resort to violence. He felt it his duty to call the attention of the grand jury to the matter, and closed by stating that if the jury does not take any action in the matter the Court will have to institute proceedings. Public sentiment sustained the lynchers up to this time, but what it will avail them in case they are brought to trial remains to be seen. Considerable uneasiness is felt by those who took part in the lynching, though they affect to be cool about the matter.

Deathbed Confession.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 16.—Geo. M. Roush, a prominent stock raiser, died three years ago very suddenly. It was supposed to be heart disease. His estate, amounting to $50,000, was divided among his three children and wife, the latter following him to the grave about a year later. The oldest son, Peter, went to Iowa, added to his wealth, married wealthy, and was accounted a valuable citizen. A few days ago he died. When informed he could not live, in the presence of his family, he made a confession that he had murdered his father in order to get possession of the property. He had slipped poison in a glass of water which his father unsuspectingly drank and then died.

Stokely Defeated.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16.—Stokely, the Republican candidate for Mayor, suffered an overwhelming defeat yesterday, Samuel S. King being declared the choice of the people. John Hunter, the citizens' candidate for receiver of taxes, led his ticket, and his majority runs up in the thousands. The Gas Trust business has proved the downfall of the Republican ticket, and caused the elevation of so-called reformers. The elections were in the main orderly.

Democratic Mayor in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 16.—Humphreys, the Republican candidate for Mayor, was defeated yesterday by a majority that is likely to reach 1,200. Morrow, the Republican candidate for Controller, comes up, however, with a majority closely bordering on 4,000, and Dennison, Republican candidate for Treasurer, comes in close behind him. The Republicans have also made gains in councilmen.

Over in Allegheny Peterson, Republican candidate for Mayor, sweeps in with a majority of about 2,500, and the Poor Directorship fight is settled in favor of Grubbs.

Barroom Murder.

SCRANTON, Feb. 15.—In the saloon of Billy Burke, in Pine Brook, a suburb of the city, last night, Patrick Payton, a peaceable man, 80 years of age, was shot by the proprietor of the place. Payton, with a number of others, had entered the saloon and the talk turned on politics. Payton finally said something that angered Burke, who drew a revolver and fired. The shot entered Payton's left side, and he fell to the floor. Burke fled, but at 4 o'clock in the morning was found in the house of a friend on the outskirts of Olyphant village, six miles from the city. He was committed to the county prison. Payton died at noon. Burke has already served a four year's term in the penitentiary for one of the many desperate offences committed by him during the past.

Troops for the Transvaal.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company, from Bombay, announces that a regiment of cavalry and two batteries of artillery have been ordered to Natal.

The War Office has decided to send a regiment of hussars, 160 artillery, 700 infantry, and 100 each of the Army Service Corps and Hospital Corps to the front from England, with a considerable number of extra officers, to supply the place of those killed in the fights with the Boers.

A Jersey Village Sold.

FARMINGDALE, N. J., Feb. 15.—Many years ago a tract of land now comprising the village of Farmingdale was sold by the Goodenough family to Gordon Bond, the Goodenoughers retaining a mortgage on the property. A thrifty village soon sprang up Samuel Goodenough moved a foreclesure, and the courts decided it was a just claim. The mortgage was foreclosed, and a portion of the claim was sold on last Wednesday.

Paid to Wreck a Train.

PETERSBURG, Va., Feb. 15.—An attempt was made this afternoon to wreck the southern bound fast mail train on the Petersburg and Weldon Railroad by placing a heavy sill up and down the track near a curve at Butterworth's Bridge. Thomas Turner and Henry Bailey, colored, were caught in the act of placing the sill. They confessed, and said they had been paid to do the work.

A Ladies' League.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15.—The first meeting of the Ladies' Land League was held at Clarenorris yesterday. Miss Parnell proposed a resolution that a ladies' branch league be established in every parish as a protest against the arrest of Davitt. The resolution was adopted.

The World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—At a meeting of the World's Fair Commission yesterday, at which he presided, Gen. Grant said that she sentiment of the country was strongly in favor of the fair. "I believe," he said, "that it will prove of great value to the country. The subscriptions are not contributions by any means. I think subscribers will get back all their money, with a considerable bonus. The Centennial Exhibition was held at a period of financial depression. The expense of traveling kept back people at a distance. Now the times are prosperous, with a fair prospect of remaining so for years to come. Travel and the price of admission will be cheaper. It looks as though we would have at least four times as many visitors as the fair of 1876. We may certainly expect a much larger number from abroad." In executive session the finance committee reported that the total subscriptions up to Tuesday amounted to $512,500. A resolution was adopted that each member of the commission subscribe for one hundred shares of stock, or $1,000. Subscriptions of one thousand dollars each were made today by General Grant and Sheriff Howe.

Robert Lincoln for the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—General Logan is well satisfied with the result of his visit to General Garfield. Robert Lincoln, who has been presented to General Logan as Illinois' candidate for the Cabinet, is also favored by General Grant. Senator Davis, of Illinois, says he has fair ability and would make a good Secretary of Interior. General Logan says that General Garfield comes up to the requirements of his great office with remarkable aptitude and will succeed in organizing an administration which will not only recognize the different elements of the party, but will harmonize the party and give it increased vitality.

Cold-Blooded Murder.

LAWRENCEBURG, Feb. 17.—A cold-blooded murder was committed yesterday in the jail at Thorne, this county. Thomas Agle was serving a six months' sentence for having shot a man named Martin Sames. Yesterday Wallace Randram and Martin Sames were arrested and lodged in the Throne jail for conspiring to commit murder and arson. They seated themselves on a cot on either side of Agle, and began a friendly conversation, when Sames suddenly drew a knife and drove it into Agle's neck, killing him instantly.

Dr. Pierce's Hotel Burned.

BUFFALO, N. Y., February 17.—Dr. R. V. Pierce's big hotel was destroyed by fire here yesterday evening. It caught in baggage room and spread to every part of the building in less than thirty minutes. There were only eighty boarders in the hotel and all escaped. Most of them saved their personal effects. The books and a considerable amount of silverware were saved. The wind was blowing a gale at the time. The hotel cost nearly $500,000. Insured for about two-thirds. Nobody hurt.

An Alleged Miracle in Erie County.

The town of Summit, near here, is excited over an alleged miracle. About thirty well-known citizens have signed a wonderful statement, which has been published declaring that Miss Ellen McQuelian, 20 years old, was suddenly stricken a short time ago with a disease that paralyzed her whole body, which began slowly to wither away. For eight days she lay in a state of trance, to all appearance dead. The Rev. Father Maloney came to pray for her, and while in the performance of his religious exercise animation returned to the corpse like body. The withered limbs resumed their former plumpness, and she arose unaided and walked about. The subscribers to the statement make affidavits to its Truth. It is stated that the priest was so terrified at the result of his invocation that he nearly fainted.

"I ONLY need to leave enough to bury me." These were the words of Dr. Muhlenburg, and when he died his possessions consisted of two twenty-dollar gold pieces that were given him a short time before he was taken with his final illness. If his life labor, love, charity and large benevolence was a beautiful one, so his death, commended to our tenderest feeling by such circumstances as surrounded it, was deeply impressive. And yet it is not given to all men to act as he did. He was, perhaps, the typical saint, exhibiting what is possible in self-denial and faith in God, but he is not to be hurriedly imitated by all persons who know of his example. For the most of us it is a duty to "lay up in store" something of the goods which Providence sends us, so that during some evil day we may have needed comforts, and be able to do our part in the service of the Lord. It is exalted faith which can agree to live without depending in any measure on the ordinary supports that are provided by prudence and forethought.

State News.

Coatesville is to have a new rolling mill.

Mrs. F. Mullen stabbed her husband to death at Scranton on Monday.

Illicit stills have been seized at Mt. Pleasant and Texas.

Muskrat shooting is indulged in to a large extent at Wilkesbarre.

Mrs. Mary Boggs, wife of Hon. H. A. Boggs, died at Johnstown on Tuesday.

A new company has been forme at Conshohocken for the building of freight cars.

Charles Smith, a violent lunatic, has escaped from the insane asylum at Norristown.

The Reading Mutual Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Club has just been organized at Readinw.

The Eaton paint works recently received a large order for ochre from London, England.

Butter sells at twenty-five cents a pound and eggs at twenty cents a dozen in Lancaster City.

The United States District Courts are much occupied in trying cases involving fraudulent pensions.

Sidewalk scrubbers in Philadelphia are fined $5 for doing their work between December and April.

A order for the erection of 4,000 freight cars was received at the lower shops in Altoona recently.

Thirteen creameries have been chartered and are in successful operation in Montgomery county.

Five hundred and sixty-five fish were netted in one haul from the Reading mill pond on Wednesday.

Lewis McCorkle, aged 10, fell into a cesspool at Chester, on Saturday, and was dead from suffocation when found.

John Mease, Sr., living near Mifflin, is insured for more than $100,000 in a number of companies. He was 85 years old.

Benjamin Seidel, a resident of Shoemakersville, Berks county, ruptured a blood vessel while coughing, and died almost instantly.

Solomon Libelsperger, the oldest resident of Moslem Springs, Berks county, has almanacs for every year from 1791 to the present date.

Mrs. Polly Brigham, of Franklin, Venango county, who was nominated for school director, has declined. Her home requires all her attention.

The Stempton Car Works, of Bethlehem, employing 175 men, are running to their full capacity and turn out sixteen cars every twenty-four hours.

A bursting grindstone in Dutton's axe factory, at Nether Providence, drove Barney McAfee through the side of the building, inflicting severe juries.

A ten year old daughter of Daniel Jones, residing near Sharon, was fatally burned yesterday, her clothes becoming ignited from the fire in the grate while doing housework.

Mart Steen is in the lock-up at Bradford on a charge of bigamy, having one wife in Bradford, and having another, it is said, in Parker City. He is under $100 bonds for trial.

About forty tramps in the jail at Lancaster tried to escape about two o'clock Saturday morning. A watchman fired into the crowd, wounding three of them slightly. Only one escaped.

A Swede named E. Schneider met with a horrible death in the vicinity of Bennington Furnace, Blair county. He was supposed to be tramping, and being caught under the cars, was horribly mangled.

The regions of French Creek Falls, Chester county, are becoming quite famous for ore mining. New mines are opened up every now and then, and several hundred miners now find employment in the neighborhood.

Judge Jenks, of Clarion county, has decided that parents surrender all authority of their children while the children are in the school, and that the teacher has the sole right to say what they shall or shall not study.

HOW TO HANG THERMOMETERS.—In the first place the temperature of the wall of any building, at any hour of the night or day, is not the true temperature of the circulating air and is of no use to science. A wood wall radiates its heat more rapidly than a brick or a stone, and the amateur scientist who hangs his thermometer on a wood wall can force his mercury down below the amateur who selects a brick wall. The proper way to expose your thermometer is to surround it with a light wood frame covered with slats, like shutter work, and roofed over. This will protect it from the direct rays of the sun and reflected heat. Run a light wood bar across the centre of your instrument shelter, to which you can attache thermometers, which should be, when properly exposed, on the north side of the building and the thermometer at least one foot from all objects. If these directions are followed erroneous reports of extreme cold weather will not find their way into print so often. It is not a very funny thing for the press to report 25 deg. below zero when 15 deg. represented the true temperature of the circulating air. It gives persons a wrong impression of your climate.

TOM CORWIN ON LAWYERS.—Thomas Corwin, of Ohio, the famous public speaker, once said: "The trouble with members of the bar is that they don't get down low enough. They shoo over the twelve numbskulls before them. I have seen Ewing, Stanberry and Hunter, leading luminaries as they are, dumbfounded at being beaten by some stump tailed, pennyroyal bull of a country attorney with no more law in his head than a snake in dog days. I never score a success in a jury trial that I don't feel humiliated. Even if my side has the right, I know that I have used means to win, that ought to shame a down east stock peddler."

Peru and Chili.

FULLER DETAILS OF THE RECENT BATTLES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—By the arrival of a steamer later details have been received of the fall of Lima. The Chillian commander said if he was allowed peaceful entrance into and occupation of the city he would be responsible for the safety of life and property, but if resisted by as much as one shot he could not trust the temper of his troops in their present condition, exasperated as they were by concealed mines, automatic hand grenades, &c. On the 17th a Chillian brigade marched into Lima. An immense throng lined the streets, but everything was profoundly quiet. The troops marched to Santa Cataline Cuartel where the Chillian flag hoisted for a second time over the Peruvian capital. The Peruvians fought well but there was no head to direct their movements. Pierola has issued an address to the Peruvians saying the Government still exists, and that he will continue the war. Monetero, commander of the army of the North, announces his intention of raising an army of 50,000 men to annihilate the Christians. When the result of the battle at Chorilla became known thousands fled to Lima. Many of these are now destitute. They found refuge at Ancon, which is a neutral point. Martial law has been proclaimed at Callao. The populace at Callao sacked many stores, some of them belonging to foreigners.

THE TWO BATTLES DESCRIBED.

La Actualedad, Chillian paper, has the following account of the battles of Chorrillas and Miraflores, which resulted in the fall of Lima and Callao. The Chillians, occupying the valley and heights around Lurin, moved forward 14,000 men strong on the afternoon of the 12th of January and took up a position within sight of their opponents and almost within range. Here the order of battle was arranged and final instructions for attack issued to the different commanders. The troops rested on their arms through the night of the 12th in the order in which they were instructed to advance on the following morning. The first Chillian Division, under the command of Colonel Lynch, occupied the left wing and was ordered to open the attack on the Peruvian right wing, strongly situated on a ridge southward of Chorillas. The Second Division, General Satomayor, was destined to attack the centre, and the Third Division, Colonel Lagos, operated against the Peruvian left under Caldaville. The field and mountain artiliery followed their respective divisions, while the cavalry was held in reserve on a ridge a little to the east on the Peruvian line. At early dawn on the 13th the First Division advanced and when within 500 or 600 yards of the Peruvian right was received with a murderous fire. The Chillians, still advancing, returned the fire. The firing rapidly extended along the whole line, as the second division had advanced simultaneously with the fire. The smoke and fog shut in the struggling thousands from the sight of the anxious watchers in the rear of both armies. At 7 a. m., after an hour's hard fighting, the first division turned the extreme Peruvian right and was driving it on the centre. The second division, delayed by difficulties of the ground, had gained a strong position in the centre and front of San Juan, the key of the Peruvian position. The first brigade of this division advanced in skirmish order in three lines, supported by artillery, and opened a galling fire on them. Two regiments of Chilians here made a charge and carried the heights, of San Juan. At the same moment the First Division had driven the Peruvian right wing from their fortified heights, and the Peruvian left wing was thrown into disorder by the impetuous attack of the two regiments. The Second Division abandoned their position and the whole Peruvian line retired leaving on the field their artilliery and dead and wounded. The Chilian cavalry then became engaged and drove the Peruvians into the town of Chorillas. Here an attempt was made to reorganize the broken divisions, and with some success, as they drove back the Chilian cavalry with loss. Sheltered by the houses which they occupied the Peruvians began a vigorous and well sustained fire. The Chilian commander ordered a renewal of the attack. His column, ordered in the engagement of the morning, again advanced, and heavy musketry firing followed, lasting till midday, when the Chilians surrounded the town on three sides and forced the Peruvians to retire on Miraflores. Here, halting with thier reverses, they prepared to make the last stand for the defense of Lima. The action at Miraflores began about 3 P. M. on the 14th. The Chilians were assisted by fire from their ships and the heavy enfilading fire soon made the Peruvian position untenable. As evening approached the fire from the ships was withdrawn, and the Chilians charging through the town drove the remuant of the defenders in confusion toward Lima.

HOW AN EDITOR WAS DECEIVED.—Some philanthropist sent a Bible to a Milwaukee editor in hopes of doing him some good, and he thought it was a new publication and wrote a review of it in which he said the production was a failure. If it was intended for a novel it lacked plot, and if for a history it was full of improbable incidents. He couldn't recommend it.

Cabinet Carriages.

Every "Cabinet day," between the hours of twelve and two o'clock, the carriages of the cabinet officers may be seen parked in a double row in the carriage-way in front of the Executive Mansion. This little group of carriages, with their drivers, horses, and other attachments, is very domestic in appearance, and calculated to impress the rustic visitor with the simplicity of republican institutions.

The absence of any gold buttons, plug hats, or other livery on the coachmen, the plain trappings of the official steeds, and the cozy, comfortable, unpretentious look of the carriages, make them conspicuous among the gaudy equipages of parvenus that constantly sweep by them. The coachmen, from constant association with Cabinet Ministers, seemed to have imbibed great draughts of statecraft and consider themselves very important parts of the machinery of the Government.

Even the horses wear an unusually sober look, as if they realized the importance of their mission. Secretary Schurz drives to the White House in a coupe drawn by a big bay horse. The only livery which his colored driver wears is a pair of huge buckskin gauntlets reaching up to the shoulder. Secretary Ramsey, though he has the responsibility of two Departments upon his shoulders, requires but one carriage to convey him to the Executive mansion, and that is only a one-horse carriage—a sort of carry-all—drawn by a blooded bay and driven by a white coachman. To carry the Secretary of the Treasury and his budget of papers from the Treasury Department to the Executive Mansion a caryall and team of bays, with white marks, are called into requisition. Abe, the official driver of the Treasury department, handles the ribbons.

Yesterday a dingy-looking, too-seated sleigh was substituted for the Treasury caryall. The Secretary of State trusts himself and important documents to a sort of family carriage and a team of dark bays. He has a white driver, who sports a huge pair of Burnsides or "Galway Sluggers." The Postmaster General has a rig similar to that attached to the State Department, and boasts the luxury of a white driver. The attorney General crosses the street from the Department of Justice to the Executive Mansion in a carriage like that of the Secretary of War, and has a black driver.

The Secretary of the Navy, when the country is blessed with such an official also rides in a one horse carryall. These horses have become accustomed to the habits of their distinguished masters. They know just how long a Cabinet meeting ought to be, and give signs of impatience if their respective masters over-stay the limit. When Cabinet meeting is over the Secretaries straggle out of the mansion one by one. The first sign given to the horses and coachmen of the conclusion of the meeting is the appearance on the portico of an usher, who claps his hands loudly to warn the drivers to get ready. Then as the various ministers appear, he calls out for his carriage, like the policemen at the door of the theatre after the opera. When the carriage comes up, the usher opens the door, bundles the Secretary in, and sees that the door is securely fastened again to protect the Secretary from any intrusion by newspaper men or others on his journey back to his department.—*Washington Republican.*

I Don't Care.

At 10 o'clock a boot-black stood at the south door of the Postoffice in Detroit looking across Larned street. A woman came out of the office and banged the door against his head and back and heels and lifted him clear off the steps by the concussion.

"I don't care—you had no business there!" she snapped as he picked himself up.

"Say, that was real mean," he said as he rubbed his head.

"Well, then keep away from the doors."

"I was goin' to make you a Christmas present," he remarked as he followed her up Larned street.

"I don't want any."

"Yes, I was goin' to buy you a fifty pound sack of flour and put it in yer stockin'."

"I don' care!"

"That's what I was goin' to do, but I've concluded not to. Yer see it would slip down into the foot of your stockin' an' fit so clus that ye couldn't git it out without buildin' a stagin' an' hirin' carpenters an' goin' to more than the flour was worth!"

She gave one awful look and he fell back, but she had no sooner turned the corner than she halted before a window for no other purpose than to get a sly look at her feet and see if they had swelled any since she left home.

A CUNNING CAT.—A gentleman who took a trip into the country yesterday, when on the plains, a mile from any house, noticed a cat, a huge one, almost as large as a fair-sized dog. It was lying upon the ground, its feet uppermost, in such a way that he had no doubt that it had fallen a victim to some vicious dog. Around it, feeding unsuspectingly, was a flock of small birds. The apparently lifeless cat was within range of the vision of the observer for some time, and just as he was thinking how much easier it would be for the animal to feign death and catch a bird by deceiving it than by slipping up to it, he was astonished to see the cat suddenly roll over and grab one of the feathered tribe that was very near. The other birds flew away a hundred yards or so and alighted. The cat only made one or two mouthfuls of the game, and then crept round to the windward of the birds, laid itself out again, and once more successfully played the dead dodge. The gentleman drove away without seeing how many birds it took to satisfy the feline.

Royal People.

There was an old man once resided in a little town in California, named Zach Taylor, who lived for years on the charity of the citizens. Suddenly a mysterious thief commenced devastating the town. Blankets and flanneis were stolen from the stores, vegetables from the gardens, fresh meat from the butchers, and though everybody suffered, the thief could not be caught. At last, one morning a horseman dashed into the village, and, calling a crowd around him, stated that the widow of a man who had been killed a month before by the Indians, was with five little children living in an old abandoned cabin half a mile out of town. A rush was made for the cabin, the woman and children found, and when asked how long they had been there and how they had lived, the womon answered: "We have been here five weeks, and would have starved except that an old gentleman brought us everything we needed, more than we needed indeed, and I would not have accepted so much had he not told me that his stock was inexhaustible." When asked to describe the old gentleman, she had not spoken a dozen words until between laughing and crying half a dozen of the listeners cried "Old Zack." The woman was moved into town and her wants supplied, and there was no more losses suffered from the thief. The great-hearted old bummer and Christian thief had taken care of the family and had done it because despite of the dry rot and the whisky which had benumbed his energies, his soul, deep down, was royal to the core. In a mining camp in Nevada we once heard two miners conversing. The elder one said: "Some bloody thief has stolen the mattress from our bed and our best pair of blankets." The other answered: "Never mind, we can cut some bushes, that will answer as well as the mattress, and we do not need the blankets; we have slept too warm of late." A month later it transpired that a poor woman who, with a baby, lived not far away, revealed the fact that the younger man had, one morning, suddenly opened the door, tossed in the mattress and blanket, and closing the door, gone away without saying a word. He did it because he was one of the "royal people." These are samples. Their numbers are limitless. They made the coast golden more than the treasures taken from the hills. They sleep, most of them in forgotten graves, in the canyons, on the hillsides, under the pines; they die and make no sign: but because they have lived human nature has made man better wherever their influence extended, and that in the boisterous camps of the Coast such spirits exist, is a proof that the hope is not vain that by the human race will be a brotherhood, and that to every man in distress every other man will be a neighbor.

A Devout Thief.

In September last Mrs. Porter Sherman, who keeps a large and fashionable boarding-house at No. 30 East Twenty-second street, had her sympathies excited by the appeal of a poorly clad but rather good-looking fellow who knocked at the basement door and asked for a morsel of food. He said that his name was William Munson; that he came from the country in quest of work, and having spent what little money he had, was in a state of extreme destitution and suffering at the moment from hunger. He seemed extremely anxious to be at work, and said he would be glad to "do most anything, even for shelter and food for the Winter." Touched by the poor fellow's appeals, Mrs. Sherman took William into her house and set him to work at cleaning up the cellar taking care of the furnace, and helping generally about the premises. On the 15th of January following, Mrs. Sherman gave him $11 with which to pay a gas bill, and $1 to buy some cake with. Munson started off on these errands in the morning, but not returning as the day advanced, it was at first thought that he had met with some accident. The day following one or two of the boarders having occasion to look into their trunks, which were stored in the cellar, found to their astonishment, that the locks had been pried off and many of their most valuable articles stolen. As Munson had the key of the room in which these trunks were stored, he was at once suspected of the theft, and the case was reported to the police and placed in the hands of Detectives Healy and Rutland. For days they have been searching for the fellow and last week traced him to Carmel Chapel, a mission-house on the Bowery, where he was kneeling with other men and saying his prayers. The officers put an end to his present devotion, and marched him off to the station house. Munson was before Justice Patterson, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, last week, when Mrs. Sherman made complaint against him for robbing her of $12. Additional affidavits were made against Munson by several of the boarders in the house, and the accused was locked up for trial in default of $1,000 bail. It was discovered that Munson had broken open nine trunks and stolen therefrom several hundred dollars worth of property.

A Strange Accident to the Engine.—A remarkable accident happened to a train near Zanesville, Ohio. the other day. The train was running at a rapid rate of speed, when suddenly there was heard a sharp crack, and in a moment the driving rods, which had broken on both sides of the engine, went whizzing around, making a whistling noise as they whirled throuhh the air. They beat the locomotive until it fairly groaned with pain, battering it up fearfully. Striking the breast-plate the rods glanced off, and returning and returning to the attack like an enraged animal they assaulted the cab from beneath, and with one desperate blow cut it virtually in two. John Moore, the engineer, who was inside the cab, was flung into the air as if by a whirlwind, lighting on top of the severed cap in an almost insensible condition. He was badly jammed up, but not seriously hurt, the breastplate alone having saved him from being cut in twain. Mr. McKelvy, the fireman, retaining his presence of mind, picked Moore up, and removed him out of harm's way, and then put on the air brakes, but they were useless, having also been cut in two by the flying rods. He then raised the throttle of the thoroughly wounded engine, and managed to get from it a very painful whistle of "down brakes," and the train was stopped. In about forty minutes the damage was repared sufficiently to renew the trip to Zanesville, the heroic engineer and fireman managing the crippled locomotive as best they could.

An Unfortunate Answer.—Lucian Young's noble action, a few years ago in saving several lives from a wrecked vessel, says the Richmond *Register*, will be remembered; also, the action of the Kentucky Legislature in publicly recognizing his services. A few weeks since he was in Frankfort, and while there visited the penitentiary, where he met Sam Holmes, confined for the murder of Col. Napier. Young and Holmes were boys together at school, and fast friends. Young was greatly moved by Holmes' unfortunate condition, and determined to make an effort for his release. To this end he called on the Governor, and made an earnest appeal for a pardon. Governor Blackburn relented, and the pardon was made out and signed. With the document in his pocket, Young hastened back to the prison to tell the good news to his friend. Before telling him however, that he had come to make a free man, Young quietly commenced a conversation, and, after talking awhile upon other subjects, finally said: "Sam, if you were turned loose and fully pardoned, what would be the first thing you would do?" The convict very quickly responed: "I would go to Lancaster and kill Judge Owsley and another scoundrel who was a witness against me." Young uttered not a word, but turned mournfully away, went outside the prison walls, took the pardon from his bocket and tore it into gragments.

Afraid to Swear Alone.—The wicked practice of swearing, which is so common as to offend the ear in every hotel, and almost in every street, is often mere bravado. Boys think it sounds manly to be profane, and men think it gives force and character to their sayings. Unlike most other vices it is done openly, and is intended by the swearer for other people's ears. It is a public sin against God, and a public insult to all good men. The boldest blasphemers are often the greatest cowards.

"I will give you ten dollars," said a man to a profane swearer, "if you will go into the village graveyard at twelve o'clock to-nigh, and swear the same oaths you have uttered, when you are alone with God."

"Agreed!" said the man; "an easy way to make ten dollars."

"Well," come to-morrow and say you have done it, and you shall have the money."

Midnight came. It was a night of great darkness. As he entered the cemetery not a sound was heard; all was still as death. Then came gentleman's words to his mind. "All alone with God!" rang in his ears. He did not dare to utter an oath, but fled from the place crying "God be merciful to me a sinner."

The body of Joseph Penrose, 24 years old, who has been missing since Christmas night, was disclosed on Saturday by the melting snow in the meadow within one hundred yards of his father's house, in Goshen township, a mile from West Chester.

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Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 29
Mill Hall	5 34	4 33
Beech Creek	5 50	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 09	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 10
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 46	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 09	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 36
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	8 43	9 57
Milesburg	8 54	10 08
Curtin	9 06	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 25
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Hall	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 25

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 7, 1880:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 55 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		12 20 a m
" " Harrisburg		4 00 p m
" " Williamsport		7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		9 10 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 37 a m
" " Williamsport		8 20 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		12 05 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 45 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 35 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		9 00 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 10 p m
" " Williamsport		11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m

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Leaves Snow Shoe 7.10 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.15 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.00 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.12 p. m.

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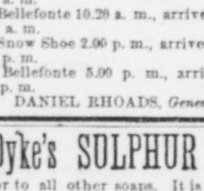

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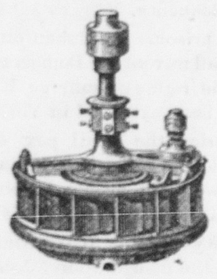

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

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AND

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Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-5-tf

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ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

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DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

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HELP Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need, free. No one who engages fails to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. oct6'80d&w6m

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Few strangers in town on Saturday, and little doing.

—Wheels have appeared on the streets again, after two months of sledding.

—About three inches of snow would preserve the sleighing for some time to come.

—H. H. Goshen, of Patterson *Owl* fame, is located at Denver, Col., working at his trade.

—Dr. Pierce, of Philipsburg, a prominent citizen and a popular merchant, was in town Friday.

—Some predict snow and some predict rain. We predict—well, a little stormy weather of some sort.

—Over six hundred persons have signed the pledge at Easton, the result of a temperance campaign.

—The work of repairing and fitting up the car works for operations gives employment to fifteen or twenty men.

—Hons. C. T. Alexander and J. P. Gephart returned home from the State Capital Saturday night to spend the Sabbath.

—It is generally conceded that the result of the West ward election has placed an effectual chill on saddlershop eloquence.

—A prisoner was taken out of the York jail to vote the Democratic ticket. The rights of suffrage have evidently been extended in York.

—During the small pox scare in Danville one physician in that place vaccinated 115 people in one day. The citizens must have had it bad.

—Are you going to Washington to take in the inauguration? John Sourbeck will fit you out with tickets and all necessary information in regard to the trip.

—Several parties from this place visited Pleasant Gap on Saturday night to attend the closing concert of the singing convention held at that place during last week.

—A colored boy was run over yesterday at the depot—by a velocipede. When he arose to his feet an examination revealed a huge gash in his face, just below the smeller.

—Gen. Beaver returned home on Saturday from the scene of the Senatorial battle at Harrisburg. The General doesn't look at all worried over the complicated state of affairs.

—The City Grays, of Harrisburg, expect to "take the rag off the bush" in the grand inaugural parade at Washington. The Company B boys of this place will see about that.

—Mr. A. J. Smith, one of Port Matilda's popular merchants, was in town on Thursday and called around. We didn't happen to be in, but he left unmistakable evidence of his presence.

—Ex-Postmaster Miles, of Milesburg, who had the misfortune to break an arm some time ago, is recovering rapidly, and will have the use of that member again in a short time.

—Mr. Skinner doesn't seem to have been spoiled by his election to the school board, but goes about his business as though nothing had happened. Here's more trouble for the Democrats.

—The Town Council of Clearfield has ordered an assessment of all the dogs in that town. The Council in this place should do something similar, or order three or four hundred to be shot.

—In Altoona three Republicans and five Democratic Councilmen are elected. The Constable, two School Directors and the Auditor elect are all Democrats. The Greenbackers polled 115 votes.

—Gen. Beaver proposes to remain at home for the present and let the Senatorial warriors at Harrisburg fight it out among themselves. The General looks for an end of the contest this week.

—A subscription of several hundred dollars was taken up at the M. E. church Sunday towards liquidating the church debt. At that rate the Methodists will soon be free from all embarrassments.

—The service hour of the Baptist Sabbath school has been changed from half-past 2 p. m. to 10:30 a. m., to go into effect to morrow. The morning prayer meeting will be discontinued for the present.

—Mr. William Coble, the boss carpenter of Houserville, is superintending the woodwork on the new bridge which is to span the creek at that place. The old structure was washed away and broken to pieces by the late flood.

The Election.

The borough election passed off quietly, and, as usual, some things went contrary to all expectations. The strong Republican North ward turned out a light vote; the Democratic South was not full, but the West ward, where George G. Skinner, colored, was the Republican candidate for School Director, against James Schofield, Democrat, turned out a comparatively full vote, and Skinner was elected by a majority of four, as will be seen by the vote below.

An analysis of the vote in this ward will also show that the colored candidate was an advantage to the ticket, for while he was elected by a small majority, yet the fight which centered upon him had the effect to bring out a full vote, adding very materially to the strength of all the balance of the ticket, giving Gray, for Treasurer, a majority of 41, and Gerberich for Council, 28.

Clement Dale, Republican Burgess, was defeated by John Powers, his Democratic competitor. This was brought about by such a combination of circumstances, as no candidate, however worthy, can withstand. Mr. Powers is one of the best of men, and probably has not an enemy in town. Then, Mr. Dale hesitated in the start about accepting the nomination. This hesitation was fatal to his prospects. His friends who forced him upon the ticket, after he had declined in favor of Mr. Reeder, are responsible for the break in the solid Republican victory. It is their defeat, not his. It is very generally admitted that Mr. Dale has made one of the best officers the town ever had, but all know that honesty and ability in the discharge of public trust are not always an open way to public favor.

The Borough ticket was elected by the following majorities:

John Powers, Dem., for Burgess, 15; John Sourbeck, Rep., Assistant Burgess, 102; George A. Bayard, Rep., Overseer of Poor, 67; David Glenn, Rep., Overseer of Poor, 48; Harvey H. Benner, Rep., Borough Assessor, 95; S. Durbin Gray, Rep., Treasurer, 70; Isaac Lose, Rep., Constable, 101; George Walker, Rep., High Constable, 6 plurality; S. D. Ray, Rep., Auditor, 80.

NORTH WARD.

Chief Burgess—Clement Dale, 126; John Fowers, 104.

Asst. Burgess—J. D. Sourbeck, 157; Herman Robb, 75.

Poor Overseers—G. A. Bayard, 155; David M. Glenn, 153; J. M. Keichline, 74; Henry Twitmire, 79.

Assessor—H. H. Benner, 159; H. Y. Stitzer, 72.

Treasurer—S. Durbin Gray, 152; C. M. Bower, 79.

Constable—Isaac Lose, 158; Martin Morison, 73.

High Constable—Geo. Walker, 125; Henry Gares, 34; Scattering, 11.

Auditor—S. D. Ray, 152; Geo. R Barrett, 76.

Judge of Election—Daniel McGinley, 148; W. F. Reber, 81.

Council—John Ardell, 156; Jno. F. Potter, 75 scattering 1.

Inspector—H. C. Weaver, 156; Thomas Shaughency, Jr. 76.

School Director—David Butts, 152; D. Z. Kline, 80.

Registration Assessor—John H. Wolf, 150; O. L. Hoover, 80, scattering, 1.

SOUTH WARD.

Burgess—Dale, 93; Powers, 133.

Asst. Burgess—Sourbeck, 108; Robb, 119.

Poor Overseers—Glenn, 95; Bayard, 87; Keichline, 126; Twitmire, 142.

Assessor—Benner, 100; Stitzer, 123.

Treasurer—Gray, 91; Bower, 135.

Constable—Lose, 106; Morrison, 118.

High Constable—Walker, 78; Gares, 125; scattering, 22.

Auditor—Ray, 99; Barrett, 128.

Judge of Election—R. A. Laird, 78; Christ Schrock, 147.

Council, short term—Bartruff, 96; Walkey, 128.

Council, long term—W. T. Twitmire, 108; R. McCafferty, 117.

Inspector—J. C. Brachbill, 96; John W. Moore, 126.

School Director—R. W. Gilmore, 102; Robert Heburn, 124.

Assessor—George W. Schrock, 110; C. R. Nolan, 112.

WEST WARD.

Burgess—Dale, 59; Powers, 56.

Asst. Burgess—Sourbeck, 73; Robb, 42.

Poor Overseers—Glenn, 69; Bayard, 65; Twitmire, 48; Keichline, 40.

Assessor—Benner, 73; Stitzer, 42.

Treasurer—Gray, 78; Bower, 37.

Constable—Lose, 71; Morrison, 43.

High Constable—Walker, 66; Gares, 44.

Auditor—Ray, 72; Barret, 41.

Judge of Election—Wm. Long, 67; N. Redding, 47.

Inspector—A. Herkheimer, 72; C. Derr, 43.

Council—C. T. Gerberich, 67; J. S. Henry, 45.

School Director—G. G. Skinner, 56; James Schofield, 52.

Assessor—Hayes C. Schroyer, 66; Joseph Gross, 48.

RETURNS FROM THE COUNTY.

Following are the correct returns from all the voting precincts of Centre county, with but two exceptions, as made by the proper officials.

Benner.—Judge of Election, A Y Wagner; Inspectors, John Thomas, James S Carson; Supervisors, Elias Beezer, Thomas Meyers; School Directors, Henry Armaghost, Robert Corl; Overseers of Poor, John Lutz, Ezra Smith; Constable, Geo Markle; Auditor, Joseph Wilson; Township Clerk, James Rone; Treasurer of Township, Fred Houser.

Burnside.—Judge of Election, Isaac Mitcham; Inspectors, R H Newcomer, H R Meeker; School Directors, Jacob Walker, William Stewart; Poor Overseers, Wm Zimmerman, Jacob Craft; Auditor, J B Newcomer; Justice of the Peace, J B Newcomer; Constable, W S Loy; Assessor, M F Loy; Supervisors, Silas Dixon, Sam'l Bightol; Treasurer, Dr M Stuart.

College.—Judge of Election, Cor. Dale; Inspectors, Wm Thompson, Jr, John I Dale; Supervisors, George Cronemiller, Felix Dale; Poor Overseers, Robert Kendall, Andrew Lytle; School Directors, John P Moore, Austin Dale; Assessor John E Murray; Auditor John Ludwig; Town Clerk, Chas Cook.

Curtin.—(Not returned.)

Ferguson (W. P.)—Judge of Election, J K Rider; Inspectors, John Lemon, C B Campbell.

Ferguson (E. P.)—Judge of Election, Henry Krebs; Inspectors, Samuel Dunlop, David Reed; Justices of the Peace, W E Meek, A J Orndorf; Constable, R P Craig; Assessor, Geo Eckle; Supervisors, Solomon Gates, Albert Hoy; School Directors, P F Bottorf, Peter Lanek; Poor Overseers, Robert Meek, W M Walker; Auditor H M Snyder; Town Clerk, J C Sample.

Gregg, (Northern Precinct)—Judge of Election, Jas Duck; Inspectors, F A Yearick; J B Ream.

Gregg, (Southern Precinct.)—Judge of Election, Wm Homan; Inspectors, M L Rishel, Jas Kennelley; Constable, Ruben Kline; Supervisors, Jamuel Harter, Israel Vonada; Poor Overseers, John F Heckman, Fred Zettle; School Directors, Israel Rachau, William Auman; Assessor, Robert J Smith; Auditor, W H Bartholomew; Township Clerk, Chas Musser; For changing place of holding election, 69; against, 142.

Howard Borough.—Judge of Election, W H Neff, Inspectors, John A Magee, Thomas Butler; Assessor, Sam'l Reber; Constable, Robert Cooler, School Directors, George Long, John Heverly; Justice of the Peace, N P Riddle; Auditor, John Heverly; Poor Overseers, R V Butler, B F Holter; Town Council, John Holter; Town Clerk, John W Smith; Chief Burgess, H S Pletcher; Council, John Holter, M M Riddle, J E Speering; High Constable, Dan'l Lucas.

Harris.—Justice of the Peace, Fergus Potter; Judge of Election, S F Ishler; Inspectors, Henry Swabb, John Leech; Assessor, D F Wieland; Poor Overseers, John Meyers, A H Hosterman; Supervisors, Peter Kuhn, Sam'l Brown; School Directors, W A Murray, George Meyer; Constable, Wm Meyer; Auditor, Thos Riley; Town Clerk, Jacob Weber.

Huston.—Judge of Election, John Turner; Inspectors, John B Gill, Sam'l Saxon; Assessor, Sam'l Gingerich; Constable, D W Kline; Supervisors, E B Henderson, H G Cronister; Justice of the Peace, Wm Steel; School Directors, R W Mattern J C Nason; Auditor, J T Davis; Town Clerk, J A J Fugate.

Howard.—Judge of Election, Samuel Bower; Inspectors, Peter Vanhorn, Lary Cox; Supervisors, John Dunkle, Jas Turner; Poor Overseers, Samuel Stein, William Homan; Assessor, D W Schanck; Auditor, Jno Schanck; School Directors, J R Leathers, J F Montgomery; Constable, Randolph Pletcher; Township Clerk, Joseph Holter.

Half Moon.—Justice of Peace, —— Constable, Simon Sellers; Assessor, Geo W Fisher; Judge of Election, H G Elder; Inspectors, S D Ebs, Jas Lytle; Supervisors, Joseph Bransteller, Isaac Lambourn; School Directors, Jacob Hicks, Isaac Beck; Poor Overseers, R A Way, William Cole; Auditor, P W Burkert; Township Clerk, Fletcher Payne.

Haines.—Judge of Election, Noah Weaver; Inspectors, Geo M Kister, T G W Edmonds; School Directors, H G Miller, F P Bower; Supervisors, A F Kreamer, Michael Bower; Poor Overseers, J J Feidler, Alis Confer; Assessor, H H Weaver; Auditor, Jerry Winklebleck; Township Clerk, Thos Frank; Constable, J H Wyle.

Liberty.—Constable, W M Bitner; Justice of Peace, D B Kuhnes; Judge of Election, Jos Schenck; Inspectors, L W Herring, A C Bechdol; Supervisors, Geo Long, Fred Schenck; Poor Overseers, D M Barlew, Sam'l Glossner; Assessor, N J Spangler.

Miles.—Constable, W J Carlin; Judge of Election, Jas P Frank; Inspectors, Ruben Kreamer, Andrew Ocker; Poor Overseers, John Hosterman, John Shaffer; Assessor, Cornelius Stover; Supervisors, Jona Walker, David Shaffer; Auditor, Emanuel Brown; Township Clerk, Jas K Weber.

Milesburg Borough.—Burgess, Wm Baird; Council, Jas Bradley, John Spence, R W Campbell, W M Adams, L T Eddy, Thos Miles; High Constable, A S Smith; Judge of Election, J C P Jones; Inspectors, A S Smith; J P Jones; Assessor, T B Taylor; Constable, Jos Baird; School Directors, W C Wilkey, L T Eddy; Poor Overseers, C D Jones, J C Smith; Auditors, Wm Fulton, J C P Jones.

Millheim Borough.—Burgess, E C Campbell; Assistant Burgess, G W Stover, Jr; Council, John H Breon, A C Musser, C W Hartman, John Stoner, H R Weiser, F D Lose; High Constable, Sam'l Weiser, Jr; School Directors, A Lukenbach, W R Weiser, Jacob Gephart; Poor Overseers, Mark Mooney, D A Musser; Assessor, D L Zerby; Judge of Election, Michael Laney; Inspectors J. F. Harter, A A Frank; Auditor, B O Deininger; Justice of the Peace, F P Musser; Constable, John Maize.

Marion.—(Not returned.)

Philipsburg.—Burgess, Jeremiah Sankey; Council, Isaiah Harr, C T Fryberger; Alfred Jones, Geo W Hoover, Chester Munson, A J Graham; High Constable, Frank Gowland; Constable, A J Gorton; School Directors, R M Musser, Chas Dehass; Auditors, Henry Lekman, John P Ludwig; Assessor, Robt Kinkead; Poor Overseers, Jas A Ganoe, M S Adams; Judge of Election, J A Lindsay; Inspectors, Wm Lukens, A V Hoyt; Church Trustees, W T Bain, S F Lytle, L C Jones.

Patton.—Judge of Election, P B Waddle; Inspectors, C Hartsock, W F Biddle; Poor Overseers, S T Gray, Dan'l Heckmen; School Directors, John C. Hartsock, G W Baisor; Supervisors, Agnew Sellers, Jacob Beher; Assessor, D L Meek; Constable, Joseph Gressler; Auditor, Wm Tate; Town Clerk, Geo Wilson.

Penn.—Judge of Election, John Moyer; Inspectors, Frank Bowersox, H M Swartz; Supervisors, Jacob Kerstetter, A Stover; School Directors, H Z Duck, Conrad Immel; Assessor, Jacob Emerick, Auditor, J J Gentzel; Constable, D T Geary; Township Clerk, P H Stover; Poor Overseers, Wm Smith, Benj Kerstetter.

Potter (S. P.)—Judge of Election, W W Royer, Inspectors, W W Spangler, Henry Crawford.

Potter (N. P.)—Judge of Election, John K Runkle; Inspectors, Simon Harper, J W Henry; School Directors, James A Keller, W A Kerr; Supervisors, Peter Rearick, D C Young; Poor Overseers, Peter Hoffer, Jacob Meiss; Assessor, E B Hosterman; Constable, J B Solt; Auditor, John Grove; Town Clerk, J B Lee.

Rush.—Judge of Election, M B Hissing; Inspectors, Michael O'Neil, Aaron Deviney; Constable, John Kennedy; School Directors, Barney Coyle, W. B Beamer, Alex Pierce; Assessor, J B Long; Auditor, Wm H Foust; Supervisors, Alex Kennedy, James Cole; Overseers Poor, Jeffrey Hayes, Wm Cullen; Township Clerk, Smith Baldwin.

Spring.—Judge of Election, Jas Alexander; Inspectors, M Runkel, J H Wetzel; Supervisors, John Bilger, Wm Houser; Poor Overseers, John G Musser, Wm Bell; Assessor, M F Riddle; School Directors, John Griffith, Amos Mullen; Constable, Nelson Lucas; Auditor, Jas Curtin; Township Clerk, Richard Miller.

Snow Shoe.—Judge of Election, Austin Hinton; Inspectors, Jas Gates, W H Crissman; Justice of Peace, J H Brown; Supervisors, Patrick Nolan, Jacob Mingle; Poor Overseers, Ed Poorman, Jas Watson; Assessor, Pat Kelly; School Directors, Pat Kelly, Abel Campbell, Jas Pope, Jas G Lucas; Constable, W R Haynes; Auditors, W M Yeager, R C Gilliland.

Taylor.—Justice of Peace, Chas Taylor; Judge of Election, Wm Calderwood; Inspectors, Jerry Sharer, Henry Sharer; Poor Overseers, B V Fink, Geo Neerhooff; Auditor, H Blowers; Supervisors, C Sharrer, John Beckwith; School Directors, Samuel Hoover, Wm Merryman; Constable, Vintin Beckwith.

Unionville Borough.—Judge of Election, J C Smith; Inspectors, W S Caldwalader, L J Bing; Assessor, Geo Alexander; School Directors, Dan'l Hall, A J Griest; Poor Overseers, J T Calhoun, B F Leathers; Justice of Peace, W H Smith; Constable, J C Jones; Chief Burgess, P W McDonald, Assistant Burgess, J M Peters; Auditor, John Alexander; Councilmen, Sam'l Brugger, A J St Clair, A T Leathers, W F Peters, A W Homan, T J Taylor; High Constable, J C Jones.

Union.—Judge of Election, Henry Spotts; Inspectors, John G Hall, Wm Iddings; Assessor, J H Stover. Supervisors, Jos Davidson, Wilson Irvin, Poor Overseers P H Bush, G W Bowmaster; School Directors, Aaron Hall, J M Blair; Auditor, Owen Underwood; Town Clerk, W T Irvin; Constable, Austin Hoover; Justice of Peace, Wm Spotts.

Worth.—Judge of Election, M S Spotts; Inspectors, M M Lewis, Mathew Adams; Poor Overseers, James Ebberts, Henry Spanogle; Supervisors, James Ardery, Ruben Reese; Constable, Martin Fink; Auditor, A J Williams; School Directors, Geo Kelly, John Morrison; Assessor, W M Williams; Town Clerk, G T Jones.

Walker.—Justice of the Peace, Michael Shaffer; Supervisors, Michael Corman, Dan'l Emrick; Poor Overseers, Jacob Garbrick, Joseph Shaffer; Constable, Sam'l E Showers; Judge of Election, T J Dunkle; Inspectors, Joseph M. Altax Moses Romig, and Lewis Deitrich; Auditor Sam'l Goodheart; Assessor, David Deitrich; School Directors, John D Beck, John Deitrich, Sr; Township Clerk, John Brown.

Concerning the State College.

A convention of farmers of Bucks, Montgomery, Chester, Delaware, Lancaster and other counties was held in Philadelphia on Thursday of last week, the principle object of the meeting being to consider the condition of the Pennsylvania State College, located in this county. In order that our readers may know the views expressed by those present in regard to the College and its interests, we publish a part of the proceedings.

A member of the West Grove farmers' club, of Chester county, on behalf of a committee, presented a series of resolutions recommending the passage of an act by the Legislature diverting from the college the principal and interest of a State fund of $500,000. It was claimed that the institution, which was incorporated in 1854 under the title of the "Farmers' High School," from its surroundings and other causes has of late years failed to give satisfaction, and that one particular act of mismanagement has been the failure of the trustees to maintain experimental farms.

As to the application of the fund there was much difference of opinion. The principal propositions were for a division of the fund and its appropriation to endowing chairs of agriculture and mechanical art in the university of Pennsylvania and one other college; for an annual appropriation to two of the existing normal schools of the state; for a professorship of the same branches of learning, and for the establishment of three experimental stations; and one for the payment of the annual income from the grant to the state board of agriculture, to be expended under their direction in establishing and conducting three experimental farms

Mr. Satterwhaite offered as a substitute for the report of the committee a resolution requesting the legislature to withhold from the college the proceeds of the fund until it shall be shown that the trustees of the institution have complied with its conditions. The substitute was adopted and the meeting adjourned after resolving that "farming interests of the state of Pennsylvania demand the liberal maintenance of two experimental farms and one experimental station, the latter to be at a place easily accessible to Harrisburg and Philadelphia."

—The Chambersburg *Valley Spirit* so fully expresses our sentiments on the subject of local correspondence that we cheerfully adopt its language and publish it for the benefit of our readers: "We want to hear from as many correspondents as can write to us every week. If we do not print all they write, the fact should not offend them. We have to judge of the matter that will best please or interest the most readers, and we trust no correspondent will feel unkindly if we do not always give all the room asked for. We may cut down a long letter, but never mutilate it. Do not be discouraged because we freely use the 'boiler.' It's a useful utensil in a printing office, and never does harm to anybody. It's a perfect machine, and saves a great deal of type-setting."

—Last Saturday afternoon, says the Lewisburg *Journal*, a live black horse with harness on was seen floating down the river past this place in the midst of ice and logs. No attempt was made to rescue him, because no boat could have floated in the river at that time. We learn that the animal got in the river at Muddy Run, above Milton, where the owner was using him to draw logs from the river bank. A rumor is current that the horse was caught at some point below this, but we can find nothing reliable in regard to it.

—At Newport, Pa., at the recent spring election, the independent candidate for high constable was elected over the Republican and Democratic nominees by 47 majority. In consequence of the event a grand torchlight procession, headed by a brass band, paraded the streets with banners flying. His royal highness was escorted around town in a two-horse carriage amid the cheers of his enthusiastic friends. The high constable must be regarded as an important functionary in Newport.

Gregg Post Art Gallery and Fair.

The Gregg Post art gallery and fair opened Monday with a good display and fair attendance. The articles on exhibition, of which there were a goodly number and of pleasing variety, were arranged in a convenient and attractive manner, and embraced many rare and beautiful things. The walls of the apartment were tastefully hung with fine oil paintings of distinguished Centre countians, whose remains have long since mouldered to dust; portraits of generals who figured prominently in the Mexican and Revolutionary wars. Besides these there were pictures of noted war ships, battle fields, forts, etc., all of great interest, and caused the mind of the beholder to travel back to the stirring scenes of the long ago.

We made a hasty visit to the rooms Monday morning, and will make a brief mention of what was there to delight the eye and excite the imagination. Among the paintings were found portraits of the following: Roland Curtin, father of Andrew G. and John Curtin; J. M. Benner, father of H. H. Benner, of this place, painted by Hon. James Petriken in 1824; Hon. Andrew Gregg, grandfather of Andrew and Gen. Irwin Gregg, and at one time United States Senator; Judge Thomas Burnside; Hon. Hunter Wilson, father of Colonel P. B. Wilson, W. P. Wilson and Mrs. John B. Linn; an excellent likeness of Hon. H. N. McAllister, father of Mrs. James A. Beaver; Captain William Wilson, Revolutionary war, 1st Pennsylvania; Gen. Theodore Gregg, in honor of whom the post is named. Gen. Beaver exhibited an interesting collection of portraits, among which were found: William Penn, the illustrious founder of Pennsylvania; Simon Snyder, the third elected Governor of Pennsylvania; a fine portrait of our present Governor, Henry M. Hoyt; Judge Charles Huston, first member admitted to Centre county bar—was Judge of the court of Common Pleas of Centre county and afterwards made Judge of the Supreme Court; Judge James Burnside, at one time President Judge of this judicial district. George A. Bayard exhibited a fine large portrait of Emperor Charles the 5th, taken at the capture of the city of Mexico.

Aside from the picture gallery the tables about the room were laden with various articles of historical interest, among others a wine cabinet and glasses, of old-time construction; oil painting of Benjamin Harris, over 100 years old; diploma (in latin) of Princeton College to William Linn, grand uncle of John B. Linn, over 100 years old; certificate of membership to Capt. Wm. Wilson, in the Cincinnati, signed by Gen. Washington, president, and Gen. Knox, secretary; original sermon of William Linn, preached before Col. Irwin's regiment in 1776, all the property of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Linn.

At the lower end of the gallery supported on frames, were found two objects which our citizens regarded with deep interest—the military coats worn by General Beaver and Major Foster, when wounded in battle, the former at Chancellorsville, and the latter at Petersburg, Va. The garments are in a good state of preservation, and the bullet holes with which they are pierced look almost as fresh as the day they were made.

A large British flag captured at the battle of Monmouth, N. J., occupied a conspicuous place in the hall. It is the property of Mr. W. W. Potter.

On one of the tables to the right of the entrance were found a minature cannon, mounted on wheels, and a mortar, made by a member of the 45th Penn'a. Vols. from rebel bullets picked up in the trenches before Petersburg, Va.; also a pipe, carved from wood, by a Union soldier while a prisoner in Andersonville, and a ten-pound shell, a *souvenir* of Gettysburg. On another table were shown a waiter and teachest, of peculiar construction, both in service a hundred years ago, the property of Mrs. Benner. There were a hundred and one other curiosities which we have not the space to mention.

In another room was served a feast for the hungry, which was presided over by ladies in Martha Washington attire. It proved a great attraction and was well patronized.

—George Skinner, colored, managed to pull through for the office of School Director in the West ward by a majority of four votes, and for the first time in the history of Bellefonte a colored man will sit in the School Board. * * * It was, no doubt, a bitter dose to many of the white brethren, but they managed to swallow it.—*Democrat.* The *Democrat*, of course, has a perfect right to its prejudicial and narrow-minded opinion, but it should have added that his election was gall and wormwood to its dear Democratic friends, some of whom have worn a funereal expression ever since his triumphant election was proclaimed.

An Enjoyable Entertainment.

The elocutionary entertainment given by Mr. George P. Bible, the "boy elocutionist," in Humes' Concert Hall, Friday night, proved, as we were confident it would, a marked success, in a literary way, but not so, we regret to say, financially. The audience, although composed of the very best element in the community, was small, probably owing to the disagreeable state of the weather, which prevented many from venturing forth. The programme embraced many choice selections, all rendered in a highly creditable manner. The rendition of "Clarence's Dream," from Shakespeare, "The Angels of Buena Vista," "How Ruby Played," and others would have done credit to a professional, and were warmly applauded. The xylphone solos were prominent features of the entertainment, and took amazingly. We must not neglect to mention that Mr. Bible was ably assisted in his efforts by his accomplished sister, who presided at the piano with grace and effect. We hope we shall again have the pleasure, in the near future, of being entertained by Mr. Bible, when his abilities will receive a more substantial recognition.

—The *Watchman* editors are in a terrible state of mind in consequence of Mr. Skinner's election to the School Board, and are making a desperate effort to annihilate Messrs. Shortlidge and Williams for presuming to espouse his cause. In the meantime these gentlemen, and others, sit quietly in their offices and receive the congratulations of Republicans and Democrats alike for aiding to elect a man to the School Board who had not mortgaged his rights and liberties in advance to Tom, Dick and the Devil, particularly the latter. Mr. Skinner will serve the interests of the borough and listen to no blarney. That's about the size of the pill that gags the *Watchman*.

—Report saith that a U. S. Marshal, hailing from Mt. Union, swooped down on a tavern-keeper at Woodward, this county, one day last week, and took him into custody for committing a violation of the liquor law; that, after making an arrest and completing his business, he returned to Bellefonte, hired a livery rig, went off on a spree, smashed things up generally and refused to pay for the damage. We do not say whether or no the above are facts, but if so the man should be divested of his appointment, and that quickly. The affairs of the Government should be in safer hands.

—The controversy in regard to circulation, in which the papers published in Clinton county have been engaged for some time back, has finally been settled in favor of the *Weekly Journal* and Clinton *Democrat*. The auditor appointed by the court to ascertain the facts in the matter has so reported, and these two journals will therefore receive the legal advertising and be recognized as the official organs of the county.

—The life estate of Jacob V. Thomas, consisting of a certain annuity payable annually by the trustees of the estate, was sold Monday at auction at the Court House for $2,525. A. O. Furst, Esq., bought it in for the assignee.

MARRIED.

BIDDLE—ZIMMERMAN—At the parsonage, Milesburg, February 16, 1881, by the Rev. W. O. Wright, Mr. G. Biddle, of Lewisburg, Pa., and Miss M. E. Zimmerman, of Milesburg, Pa.

CORMAN—WELCH—February 13, 1881, by Rev. N. J. Mitchell, at Howard, Mr. Nathan Corman, of Penn's Valley, and Miss Emma Welch, of Marsh Creek.

WITMER—OWENS—February 16, 1881, at the residence of the bride's parents, at Boiling Springs, by Rev. E. W. Wonner, Mr. Edward H. Witmer and Miss Jennie A. Owens, both of this county.

DIED.

HOLTER—December 27, 1880, Lulu Jane, daughter of Jas. K. and Alice Holter, aged two years and nine months.

HOLTER—December 30, 1880, Theodore V., only son of Jas. K. and Alice Holter, aged 4 years and 3 months.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Feb. 22, 1881.

Wheat, No. 1	$1 09
" " 2	90
" " 3	65
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob, new	40
Corn, shelled, old	50
Oats new	30
Cloverseed	3 50@4 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$16 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$7 50
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	4
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	6
Beans per quart	5
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	
Hams, sugar cured	16
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel	80
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	